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FIFTEENTH

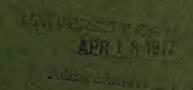
#### BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

# Louisiana State Normal School.

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA







#### **FIFTEENTH**

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#### **BOARD OF ADMINISTRATORS**

#### Ex-Officio Members.

- HIS EXCELLENCY, LUTHER E. HALL, Governor of Louisiana Baton Rouge.
- HON. T. H. HARRIS, State Superintendent of Public Education, Bason Rouge.
- V. L. Roy, President State Normal School, Natchitoches.

#### Representative Members.

- Hon. N. C. Blanchard, *First District*, Shreveport, Term Expires July 1st, 1914.
  - Term Expires July 1st, 1916.
- HON. SWORD LEE, *Third District*, Alexandria. Term Expires July 1st, 1916.
- Hon. Ben R. Mayer, *Fourth District*, Baton Rouge. Term Expires July 1st, 1918.
- Dr. L. Fourgeaud, Fifth District, Breaux Bridge. Term Expires July 1st, 1912.
- Hon. J. L. Bryan, Resident Administrator, Natchitoches. Term Expires July 1st. 1914.

#### Officers of the Board

- GOV. LUTHER E. HALL, President Bator Rouge
  HON. N. C. BLANCHARD, Vice-President Shreveport
  MR. EDWARD PHILLIPS, Treasurer Natchitoches
  MR. T. P. CHAPLIN, (Deceased) Secretary Natchitoches

  Executive Committee.
- Hon. N. C. Blanchard - Chairman
  Hon. J. L. Bryan Resident Administrator
  V. L. Roy - President

#### Louisiana State Normal School

#### FACULTY

V. L. Roy, President, School Administration

C. C. Whisenhunt, Director Training Department

George Williamson, Biology

J. W. Bateman, Director Rural Training Course

Herbert C. Cooley, Pedagogy

L. A. Davis, Chemistry

P. T. Hedges, Mathematics

A. M. Hopper, Manual Training

Mrs. L. C. McVoy, English

A. D. St. Amant, Economics

J. C. South, Latin

H. W. Stopher, Public School Music

R. W. Winstead, Latin

Samuel Claman, Psychology

H. Lee Prather, Athletic Director

Miss Orra E. Carroll, English

F. G. Fournet, Physics

Chas. K. Payne, Mathematics

Miss Noelie Hart, French

Miss Helena L. Messerschmidt, Physics

Miss Evelyn Sheen, Art

Miss Dean Varnado, History

Miss Margaret Weeks, Domestic Science

Mrs, L. W. Bailey, Domestic Science and Art

Miss Lucy Dancy, Physical Training of Women

Miss Mabel Moore, English

Miss Norma Overbey, Assistant Rural Training

J. E. Guardia, Principal of Training School

Miss A. E. Gaulden, High School Critic Teacher Miss Martha Feltus, High School Critic Teacher

Miss Agusta Nelken, 7th Grade Critic Teacher

Miss Edna Levy, 6th Grade Critic Teacher

Miss Grace Bordelon,
Miss Bess Graham,
Miss Virginia Hulsart,
Miss Mary M. Guilbeau,
Miss B. V. Russell,

5th Grade Critic Teacher
Grade Critic Teacher
Grade Critic Teacher
Grade Critic Teacher
Teacher

Mr. J. Browne Martin, Director School of Music

Mrs. Helen Yates-Martin, Voice

Miss Cecile Elizabeth Mandot, Piano

Miss Scharlie Russell, Librarian

Mrs. Henry Hawkins, Matron

Mrs. L. M. Keane, Graduate Nurse

Mrs. Ruby A. Price, Secretary

J. C. Monroe, Auditor

R. W. Hamilton, Clerk

#### Addition to Summer School Faculty 1914.

W. J. Avery, Principal, Winnfield High School

L. N. Bush, Principal, Campti High School

S. M Brame, Principal, Alexandria High School

John Dominique, Penmanship, Bastrop High School

Miss C. A. Dickson, Student, Columbia University

D. G. Lunsford, Principal, Coushatta High School

Miss Roberta Newell, New York City.

Miss Margaret Schoenbrodt, Assistant, Minden High School

W. W. Tison, Principal, Marksville High School.

F. K. White, Principal, Sulphur High school.

#### FIFTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

#### OF THE

#### Louisiana State Normal School.

Natchitoches, Louisiana May 1, 1914.

His Excellency, Governor L. E. Hall:

I have the honor of submitting herewith for the information of yourself and the General Assembly of Louisiana the Fifteenth Biennial Report of the Louisiana State Normal School, with commendations of needed appropriations.

#### Historical Statement

Established in 1884 and opened in 1885, the State Normal School completes the twenty-ninth year of its existence on June 30, 1914. During this time it has enrolled in separate years 18,397 students, and has graduated 1,883 teachers.

Prior to 1906, all buildings erected were frame. These consisted of two dormitories, a dining hall and dormitory, a model school building, and Boyd Hall, the academic building. There were besides, the Bullard or Donoho Home, and an old convent dormitory.

In 1906-'07, the new academic building was erected at a cost of \$119,000. This was the first permanent building erected at the Normal School. It is a substantial and large structure, built of brick and erected during the presidency of Mr. B. C. Caldwell.

Under his successor, Dr. J. B. Aswell, a reenforced concrete dormitory was built, with 48 rooms and at a cost of \$30,000. Later, a concrete laundry was erected, costing \$4,500; and in 1911 the new dining hall was begun.

Since July 1, 1911, the following permanent structures have been erected:

- 1. The dining hall, built of reenforced concrete and costing \$34,000. The dining room has a capacity of 1,000 students, and the second story contains 15 bed-rooms. It was completed in November, 1911.
- 2. The new dairy barn, also of reenforced concrete, costing \$10,800, including equipment. It has stall space for 50 cows

and a silo of 150-ton capacity. It was completed in July, 1912.

- 3. A new reenforced concrete dormitory, "A" Building. It has 58 bed-rooms and cost \$38,000. It is the largest dormitory on Normal Hill and was completed in April, 1913.
- 4. The new Training School Building, which was begun in July, 1912, and completed in May, 1913. This is a brick building, with reenforced concrete foundation. The total cost, including furniture, was \$65,000, of which \$50,000 was paid for out of the proceeds of a special tax voted in the First Ward of Natchitoches Parish on Feb. 8, 1912.
- 5. A reenforced concrete power house, costing \$3,400 and completed in April, 1914.

Therefore the State Normal School now has two brick academic buildings and six reenforced concrete structures, all substantially constructed, and built during the last eight years. There are besides, in frame buildings, four dormitories, the president's cottage, four employees' homes, a cabin, one barn, two store buildings, and two stock sheds.

#### **Inventory of Normal School Property**

On September 20, 1911, an inventory of all property of the Louisiana State Normal School, made by three citizens of Natchitoches, showed a valuation of \$272,928.10.

Brought up to date, the inventory of all Normal School property is now as follows:

#### Buildings

Main Academic\$	100,000.00	
Training School	64,000.00	
Boyd Hall	18,000.00	
Dining Hall	34,000,00	
"A",	38,000.00	
"B"	30,000.00	
"M"	10,000.00	
East Hall	10,000.00	
West Hall Men's Dormitory	10,000.00 $6,000.00$	
Laundry	4,500.00	
President's Cottage	3,000.00	
Dairy Barn	10,800.00	
Power House	4,000.00	
Five Dwellings	3,000.00	
Frame Barn	1,500.00	
Three Sheds	750.00	
		\$347,550.00
Equipment		
15quipmen		
School Furniture	\$10,537.00	
Dormitory Furnitue	15,750.00	
School Apparatus and Equipment		
Library Equipment	1,000.00	
Library Books	9,250.00	
Power House Machinery		
Gas Machine Plant	450.00	
Dining Hall Equipment	4,000.00	
Twenty Pianos	5,500.00	3 70 550 00
		\$ 73,558.00
Sundries		
267 Acres of Land	\$15,000.00	
70 Head Dairy Stock	5,825.00	
12 Head Work Stock	2,100.00	
119 Head Swine	940.00	
Water Tower and Tank	2,000.00	
Swimming Pool	500.00	
Fences and Walks	4,000.00	
Wagons and Implements		
Tools		
Orehard	. 300.00	
		\$ 31,415.00
Grand Total		\$459 599 00
Granu Total		\$452,523.00

#### Improvements 1912-1914

- 1. Purchase of 63.33 acres of land to protect water shed. The acreage of land belonging to the Normal School is now 329 acres.
- 2. Erection of new dormitory, "A" Building, at cost of \$38,000.
- 3. Completion of the new dairy barn, which cost \$10,800 and was erected by the Normal Club.
- 4. Erection of our new Training School Building costing complete \$65,000. Of this amount \$50,000 was paid out of the proceeds of a bond issue of the First Ward of Natchitoches Parish, including the city of Natchitoches.
- 5. Building a power house of reenforced concrete, costing \$3,400.
- 6. Installing an additional unit to the boiler capacity of the power and heating plant. This is a 125 hp., 125 lb. boiler. Cost \$1,700.
- 7. Opening, grading and surfacing with cinders a half-mile of road.
- 8. Laying 200 sq. yds. of concrete pavement around Training School Building and 400 sq. yds. of cinder pavement.
  - 9. Erection of a small hot-house.
- 10. Sale of 26 unprofitable dairy cows and purchase of equal number of Jersey grades and pure-breds. (Club funds).
- 11. Purchase of a registered Jersey bull to head the Normal herd.
- 12. Planting 175 fruit trees: peaches, pears, figs and plums; 100 shade trees; 500 hedge plants; and shrubs and flowers.
  - 13. Grading and beautifying the Academic Court.
- 14. Demolishing the old Bullard or Donoho home, otherwise known as the "old matron's building." This building had been condemned by the Asstisant State Fire Marshal.

- 15. Purchase of 4 dozen hand fire extinguishers, 2 dozen fire buckets and 400 feet of fire hose.
  - 16. Erection of three hose houses at fire hydrants.
  - 17. Purchase of \$2,200 of furniture for Training School.
- 18. Work begun on installation of a complete water-works system. This improvement will be completed by June 1, 1914.
- 19. Opening of fruit and candy shop whereby sanitary regulations may be enforced and a working scholarship awarded an indigent student.
- 20. The establishment of additional working scholarships, as follows: 5 in dairy, 2 on yard, 1 each in bookstore, fruit shop, and office, 3 in laboratories, and 2 in libraries.
- 21. Removing scores of unsightly trees, grading the grounds, and beginning work of permanently beautifying the campus along approved lines of landscape gardening.
- 22. Penning of hogs on a remote quarter of the grounds, building breeding houses and pens, and constructing a concrete hog wallow.
- 23. Fencing off three lots for dairy stock, and constructing a large concrete watering trough.
- 24. Erecting a stock shed for use of dairy stock on wintry days.
- 25. Building an implement shed, 30x80 ft. These two sheds were built with material obtained from the matron's building when it was demolished.
- 26. Opening an implement shed, in which are stored the most improved implements and machinery. These are generously supplied as loans to the institution by several manufacturers, and are used for demonstration purposes.
- 27. Installation of a 5 k. w. oil engine and generator, for use during the night after students have retired.
- 28. Construction of a low-pressure, steam-heat system at the men's dormitory.
- 29. Addition of equipment to the departments of physics, chemistry, biology and agriculture.

- 30. Installation of a complete equipment for the domestic science department. This consists, for the cooking school, of 72 running feet of tile top cooking tables, a gas cooking range, five sinks, storing cases, enameled refrigerator, pantry and 24 complete sets of utensils; and for the sewing classes, nine sewing machines, six cutting tables, display cases, forms, dressing room and lavatory, etc.
- 31. To supply fuel gas for the cooking school and the chemical laboratory, a Matthews gasoline gas machine has been installed. Its capacity is 75 burners.
- 32. Moving the library to more commodious and ample quarters, adding 500 volumes, installing 768 running feet of steel shelves, and adding to its equipment of furniture. The library contained 7,195 volumes on Jan. 23, 1914.
- 33. Enlarging the facilities for science instruction. Prior to 1912, chemistry and physics were one department and occupied one large room; to-day they occupy two class-rooms, two large and one small labaratories, two store rooms and one office. The department of biology has also been moved to ampler quarters. The domestic science department, formerly domiciled in a basement room of the academic building, now occupies four commodious rooms in Boyd Hall.

#### Course of Study

Prior to the opening of the summer quarter in 1911, the requirement for admission to the Normal School was the completion of the seventh grade of the public schools. At that time, the course was advanced a half-year. In June 1912, the standard was raised another half-year, bringing the requirement for admission up to the completion of the eighth grade or first high school year. In December, 1913, another advance of a half-year was made. Therefore, during the last three years, the Normal course of study has been raised by one and one-half years of public school work. On June 1, 1914, another advancement of a half-year will be made, thus bringing the Normal School up to the proper and accepted standard of the best Normal Schools in America.

The effects of this raise in standard are twofold, to-wit:

- 1. Better training of students, arising from a more advanced grade of pupils and an emphasis on more advanced subjects of instruction. The changes have made possible the introduction of higher courses in mathematics, the languages, and all the sciences; and the relegation to the lower terms of many branches of high school grade which were formerly taught in the most advanced classes.
- 2. An arrest in the numerical growth of the student body, a condition that was anticipated. The effect in this direction of advancing the standard of the curriculum is revealed by the fact that the enrollment in the three lowest terms (those that have been eliminated) was 161 during the spring term of 1911.

#### Attendance

NORMAL DEPARTMENT	1912-'13	1913-'14
Summer	887	871
Fall	672	607
Winter	546	601
Spring	582	596
	2687	2675
Names duplicated	1348	1348
Net enrollment	1340	1327
TRAINING DEPARTMENT		
Summer	162	79
Fall	303	284
Winter		213
Spring	270	298
		07.4
	735	874
Names duplicated	363	498
Net enrollment	372	376
Total net enrollment	1712	1703

#### What Other States Are Doing

#### A COMPARISON

The latest statistical report of the U.S. Commissioner of Education (see 1912 Report, Vol. II, pp. 418 et seq.) shows that, of all Normal Schools in the Southern States, the Louisiana State Normal School receives a smaller per capita appropriation, whether computed on the basis of the number of students or the number of graduates.

Exclusive of permanent investment in buildings and inclusive only of maintenance funds, the appropriation per student enrolled in southern normal schools is (omitting fractional parts of dollars) as follows:

Louisiana	\$44	MATERIAL AND
Kentucky	57	COLUMN CO
Texas	61	
Georgia	71	COMPRESENTATION AND NOTICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH
Virginia	90	
Oklahoma	128	
North Carolina	164	
Arkansas	202	

Viewed from a different angle, the same inadequacy of appropriation is revealed. The actual investment in normal schools annually made by the states may justly be said to consist of two items: 1st, the appropriation for maintenance; 2nd, a five per centum charge on the value of the school plant.

Viewed in this light, we find the cost per normal graduate to be, in the several Southern States, as follows:

Louisiana	\$392
Texas	\$483
Maryland	\$604
Georgia	\$610
Virginia	\$630
Alabama	\$1,147
Oklahoma	\$1,381
North Carolina	\$2,570

#### The Needs Of the Normal

To increase the present facilities of the State Normal School so as to instruct efficiently 1,000 students per term and provide proper dormitory facilities for them, would require two provisions, as follows:

- 1. An increase in the teaching force of six instructors, the annual salaries of whom would aggregate \$9,000.
- 2. The construction of four fire-proof reenforced concrete dormitories, which would cost \$140,000.

When these provisions have been made, the institution will be able to receive and instruct 1,000 students per term. This would mean an annual enrollment of approximately 2,250 students in the Normal Department. The Normal School would then annually send out as graduates more than three hundred teachers besides some 800 others with more or less professional training. These 1,100 teachers added to the number of high school graduates that annually enter the teaching business, would fill the present need of the State in the way of teachers.

#### Recommendations of Appropriations

The General Assembly of 1914 is asked to make appropriations covering two items, as follows:

First, provision for increasing the dormitory accommodations of the institution. Two new concrete dormitories, of the permanent type that has been adopted, would cost \$70,000 and would increase the present dormitory accommodations to approximately 725. To accommodate 900 students in the dormitories would require four additional buildings, the total cost of which would be about \$140,000.

Second, provision of an adequate maintenance fund. In order that this recommendation may be readily compared with the disbursements made by the Normal School during the last two years, it has been tabulated. It should be explained here that the recommendation for salaries of teachers and officers is based upon the plan of gradually increasing the capacity of the institution to 1,000 students per term, or 2,400 per annum.

# DISBURSEMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

TEMS	Dishursements for 1912 1914	Recommendations	Recommendations for the two years,
II EIMS	per Treasurer's report.	19141915	19151916
Salaries, teachers, officers	\$113,308.58	\$61,500	\$63,500
Wages, laborers, janitors	8 993 63	2,230 4,500	2,500
Care of grounds	1,284.93	006	006
Fuel and oil	6,103.42	3,200	3,200
Stationery, printing, postage	2,868.20	1,400	1,400
Insurance Equipment, library, etc.	3,781.99	1,800	1,800
Supplies, contingent	8,071.33	3,500	3,500
Total necessary outlays	\$156,166.06	\$84,800	\$86,800
Deduct other revenues:— Fees		\$6,000	\$6.000
Summer school apportionment		1,500	1,500
interest from banks Balance on hand		1,500	0000
Total deductions		\$9,300	87,800
Net appropriations recommended for Maintenance		\$75,500	\$78,000
Recommendations of appropriations for dormitories, if one is erected annually If two are erected annually	\$38,858.37	\$30,000	\$40,000 \$70,000

Only one item in these recommendations needs explanation, and that is insurance. The present policies on the State Normal School buildings were taken out three years ago, and will expire in October, 1914. The plan now is to divide the policies into three equal parts, expiring respectively in one, two and three years. This will make the annual premiums equal and distribute them, thus making their payment easier than they have been.

Respectfully submitted,

V. L. ROY, President.

#### Treasurer's Report

Natchitoches, La., May 1, 1914. Report of Treasurer of Louisiana State Normal School, of receipts and disbursements from April 17, 1912 to May 1, 1914.

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Balance on hand April 17, 1912	
From State Auditor (Maintenance)	
(Special Appropriation)	11,250.00
" Supt. Education (Summer School)	4,000.00
" " Rural Inspection	2,875.00
Normal Club, a-c Fumigation Refund	4,838.48
Interest from Peoples Bank of Natchitoches	897.05
" Exchange " "	895.20
Incidental Fees	12,086.00
Model School Equipment (From Club)	2,406.25
Laboratory Fees and Library	5,338.83
Athletic Fees and Collections	2,499.29
Lyceum Fees and Collections	2,033.09
Special Course Students	304.00
New Classification Cards	16.00
Special Examinations	22.00
Issuing New Diplomas	12.00
Tuition Paid by Miss Carver	140.00
Refund—New Engine and Generator	97.95
" R. R. Trapening Exp. by V. L. Roy	34.84
" on C. J. Brown, Trip to Nashville	77.60
" Freight from Favret & Livaudais	5.57
" a-c Improvement and Repair	87.36
" Band, by J. C. Monroe, Dual Collection	28.40
" " "	35.46
Contingent	
Overshauer Painhaults	83.77
,, Overcharge Fairbanks	1.27
" L. & N. W. Freight	9.37
a-c ruel, rreight	17.60
a-c Boller Plant	3.00
a-c Furniture and Equipment	1.25
From Rent and Pump	3.50
_	

Total Receipts.....\$248,677.13

#### Dr.

Salaries Officers and Faculty	3113,308.58	
Wages Laborers and Janitors	10,373.54	
New Dormitory	38,858.37	
Moving Boys' Hall	2,278.81	
" Dining Hall	525.00	
Contingent (Old Account)	1,436.22	
Model School Equipment	10,612.81	
Boys Dormitory (including heat & light).	949.76	
Model School Furniture (to Club)	2,500.00	
New Boiler and Cost of Installation	1,773.66	
Oil Engine and Generator	1,015.46	
Power House	3,466.56	
Water Works	1,841.89	
Care of Grounds	1,284.93	
Improvements and Repairs	8,993.63	
Paint and Painting	1,958.01	
State Board of Health	370.67	
Water Purification Plant	205.17	
Mattresses	2,094.50	
Labor (Fumigation and Sanitation)	210.20	
Furniture and Equipment	3,781.99	
Contingent	8,071.33	
Fuel and Gil	6,103.42	
Water	1,250.10	
	-,	
Laboratories and Library	6,740.78	
Athletics	2,004.07	
Liceum	1,827.55	
Purchase of 2 Cows	125.00	
Sewerage and Flushing	30.40	
Stationery, printing and Postage	2,868.20	
Insurance	130.34	
(	100.01	
	\$236,99.05	
To Balance on Hand		\$248.677.13
To Datanee on Hann	11,000.10	φ=10,011.10

Respectfully Submitted, Ed W. Phillips Per R. J. P. Treasurer.

#### STATEMENT

#### Normal Club

May 1, 1912 to May 1, 1914

#### Receipts:

Balance on Hand May 1, 1912		.\$ 28,112.32
Board	8127 131 95	
Laundry	21,760.53	
Labor	5.40	
Fuel	867.94	
Infirmary	3,989.00	
Sundry Sales	173.15	
Music Tuition	6,873.80	
Provisions	869.16	
Loan—Collected	10,510.00	
Dairy	744.05	
Garden	243.45	
Interest	386.15	
Bills Receivable	2,500.00	
Athletics	202.52	
Piano Rent	984.75	
Piano Account	45.00	
Dairy Herd	1,212.60	
Gain	.90	\$178,440.35
Total		\$206,552.67
10tal		φ400,004.01
		Ψ200,002.01
Disbursements:		φ200,332.01
Disbursements:	160.00	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock  Board—refund	1,714.50	Ψ200,392.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock	$1,714.50 \\ 286.25$	ψ200,392.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock.  Board—refund.  Laundry—refund.  Laundry—expense.  Sundry Expense.	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock.  Board—refund.  Laundry—refund.  Laundry—expense.  Sundry Expense.  Live Stock—expense.	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock.  Board—refund.  Laundry—refund.  Laundry—expense.  Sundry Expense.  Live Stock—expense.  Salaries	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00	φ200,352.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock. Board—refund. Laundry—refund. Laundry—expense. Sundry Expense. Live Stock—expense Salaries Labor.	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00 16,638.60	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock. Board—refund. Laundry—refund. Laundry—expense. Sundry Expense. Live Stock—expense Salaries Labor. Fuel.	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00 16,638.60 10,416.90	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock Board—refund Laundry—refund Laundry—expense Sundry Expense Live Stock—expense Salaries Labor Fuel Water & Lights	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00 16,638.60 10,416.90 293.56	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock Board—refund Laundry—refund Laundry—expense Sundry Expense Live Stock—expense Salaries Labor Fuel Water & Lights Infirmary	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00 16,638.60 10,416.90 293.56 2,483.66	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock.  Board—refund.  Laundry—refund.  Laundry—expense.  Sundry Expense.  Live Stock—expense.  Salaries.  Labor.  Fuel.  Water & Lights.  Infirmary.  Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment.	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00 16,638.60 10,416.90 293.56 2,483.66 847.80	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock Board—refund Laundry—refund Laundry—expense Sundry Expense Live Stock—expense Salaries Labor Fuel Water & Lights Infirmary Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment Music—expense	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00 16,638.60 10,416.90 293.56 2,483.66 847.80 7,840.83	φ200,332.01
Disbursements:  Live Ltock. Board—refund. Laundry—refund. Laundry—expense. Sundry Expense. Live Stock—expense. Salaries. Labor. Fuel. Water & Lights. Infirmary. Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment. Music—expense. Provisions.	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00 16,638.60 10,416.90 293.56 2,483.66 847.80 7,840.83	φ200,332.01
Live Ltock. Board—refund. Laundry—refund. Laundry—expense. Sundry Expense. Live Stock—expense. Salaries. Labor. Fuel. Water & Lights. Infirmary. Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment. Music—expense. Provisions. Improvements and Repairs.	1,714.50 286.25 13,114.92 887.01 905.27 3,565.00 16,638.60 10,416.90 293.56 2,483.66 847.80 7,840.83 70,805.29 1,469.63	φ200,332.01
Live Ltock. Board—refund. Laundry—refund. Laundry—expense. Sundry Expense. Live Stock—expense. Salaries. Labor. Fuel. Water & Lights. Infirmary. Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment. Music—expense. Provisions. Improvements and Repairs. Loan—Parish School Board.	$1,714.50 \\ 286.25 \\ 13,114.92 \\ 887.01 \\ 905.27 \\ 3,565.00 \\ 16,638.60 \\ 10,416.90 \\ 293.56 \\ 2,483.66 \\ 847.80 \\ 7,840.83 \\ 70,805.29 \\ 1,469.63 \\ 10,510.00$	φ200,332.01
Live Ltock. Board—refund. Laundry—refund. Laundry—expense. Sundry Expense. Live Stock—expense. Salaries. Labor. Fuel. Water & Lights. Infirmary. Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment. Music—expense. Provisions. Improvements and Repairs. Loan—Parish School Board. Expense—State Bd. of Health.	$1,714.50 \\ 286.25 \\ 13,114.92 \\ 887.01 \\ 905.27 \\ 3,565.00 \\ 16,638.60 \\ 10,416.90 \\ 293.56 \\ 2,483.66 \\ 847.80 \\ 7,840.83 \\ 70,805.29 \\ 1,469.63 \\ 10,510.00 \\ 4,838.48$	φ200,332.01
Live Ltock. Board—refund. Laundry—refund. Laundry—expense. Sundry Expense. Live Stock—expense. Salaries. Labor. Fuel. Water & Lights. Infirmary. Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment. Music—expense. Provisions. Improvements and Repairs. Loan—Parish School Board.	$1,714.50 \\ 286.25 \\ 13,114.92 \\ 887.01 \\ 905.27 \\ 3,565.00 \\ 16,638.60 \\ 10,416.90 \\ 293.56 \\ 2,483.66 \\ 847.80 \\ 7,840.83 \\ 70,805.29 \\ 1,469.63 \\ 10,510.00$	φ200,332.01

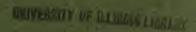
Garden Equipment	
Dairy Barn & Equipment 11,083.89	
Freight and Express	
Bills Receivable	
Athletics	
Dairy Equipment	
Furniture and Equipment 1,505.10	
Piano Rent	
Piano Account	
Dairy Herd	\$185,950.30
Balance on Hand May 1, 1914	20,602.37
Total	\$206,552.67
10001	φ200,002.01

J. C. Monroe, Auditor.





1936B



## SIXTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

#### LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA





#### NORMAL QUARTERLY

OF THE

#### LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

Published by the Louisiana State Normal School, Natchitoches, Louisiana. Issued Quarterly, in January, April, July and October.

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Vol. V.

JULY, 1916

No. 3

### SIXTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

#### LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA



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#### SIXTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

#### LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

MAY 20, 1916

#### To the Governor and General Assembly:

I have the honor of submitting herewith the Sixteenth Biennial Report of the Louisiana State Normal School, with recommendations of needed appropriations.

#### Historical Statement.

Established in 1884 and opened in 1885, the State Normal School will complete the thirty-first year of its history on May 29th, 1916. During this time it has enrolled in separate years 22,076 students, and has graduated 2346 teachers.

Prior to 1906, all buildings erected were frame. These consisted of two dormitories, a dining hall and dormitory, a model school building, Boyd Hall, and the academic building. There were, besides, the Bullard or Donoho Home, and an old convent dormitory.

In 1906-'07, the new academic building was erected at a cost of \$119,000. This was the first permanent building erected at the Normal School. It is a substantial and large structure, built of brick and erected during the presidency of Mr. B. C. Caldwell.

Under his successor, Dr. J. B. Aswell, a re-enforced concrete dormitory was built, with 48 rooms, at a cost of \$30,000. Later, a concrete laundry was erected, costing \$4,500.00; and in 1911 the new dining hall was begun.

Since July 1st, 1911, the following permanent improvements have been made:

1. The dining hall, built of re-enforced concrete and costing \$34,000. The dining hall has a capacity of 1,000 students, and the second story contains 15 bed-rooms. It was completed in November, 1911.

- 2. The new dairy barn, also of re-enforced concrete, costing \$10,800, including equipment. It has stall space for 50 cows and a silo of 150-ton capacity. It was completed in July, 1912.
- 3. The new re-enforced concrete dormitory, "A" building. It has 58 bed-rooms and cost \$38,000. It is the largest dormitory on Normal Hill and was completed in April, 1913.
- 4. The new Training School Building, which was begun in July, 1912, and completed in May, 1913. This is a brick building, with re-enforced concrete foundation. The total cost, including furniture, was \$65,000, of which \$50,000 was paid for out of the proceeds of a special tax voted in the First Ward of Natchitoches Parish on February 8th, 1912.
- 5. A re-enforced concrete power house, costing \$3,400, and completed in April, 1914.
- 6. During the early part of 1914 a water works system was installed at a cost of \$8,000. It comprises a deep well and pumping plant, and is connected with the water tower of the school by a six-inch water main 6500 feet long.
- 7. During the spring of 1916, the water works system was extended by the addition of a new well and pumping plant, a water reservoir of 100,000-gallon capacity, and a fire pump with a capacity of 500 gallons per minute.

Therefore, the State Normal School now has two brick academic buildings and six re-enforced concrete structures, all substantially constructed, and built during the last ten years. There are besides, in frame buildings, four dormitories, the president's cottage, four employees' homes, a cabin, one barn, two store buildings, and two stock sheds.

#### Inventory of Normal School Property

On September 20th, 1911, an inventory of all property of the Louisiana State Normal School, made on order of the Board of Administration by three citizens of Natchitoches, showed a valuation of \$272,928.10. On May 1st, 1914, the amount of property of the school had increased to \$452,523.00.

A careful revision of the inventory of the State Normal School property made on May 15th, 1916, shows the present

\$95,525.00

valuation of the property to be \$480,579.00. This revision of the inventory makes due allowance for deterioration in the value of the buildings, the deduction on this item amounting to  $2\frac{1}{4}\%$  for the two years ending May 15th, 1916. Following is an itemized statement of this inventory:

#### BUILDINGS.

Main Academic\$	100,000.00	
Training School	63,000.00	
Boyd Hall	17,000.00	
Dining Hall	33,000.00	
"A"	37,000.00	
"B"	28,000.00	
"M"	9,500.00	
East Hall	10,000.00.	
West Hall	10,000.00	
Men's dormitory	5,500.00	
Laundry	4,500.00	
President's cottage	2,800.00	
Dairy barn	10,500.00	
Power house	4,000.00	
Five dwellings	3,000.00	
Two frame barns	2,000.00	
Four sheds, hot-house, vat, etc	1,000.00	
•		\$340,800.00
EQUIPMENT.		φο το, ου ο. ο ο
School furniture\$	11 000 00	
Senoni filirnifilira		
Demoit from:	11,000.00	
Dormitory furniture	17,000.00	
Dormitory furnitureSchool apparatus and equipment	17,000.00 11,500.00	,
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00	
Dormitory furniture	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00	
Dormitory furniture	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00	,
Dormitory furniture	17,000,00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000;	17,000,00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two	17,000,00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pump-	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00 2,250.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pump- heads \$2000)	17,000,00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pump- heads \$2000) Fire-fighting apparatus:	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00 2,250.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pumpheads \$2000) Fire-fighting apparatus: Hose: 1100 feet 2½ in. \$600; 100	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00 2,250.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pumpheads \$2000) Fire-fighting apparatus: Hose: 1100 feet 2½ in. \$600; 100 ft. 2 in. \$50; 200 ft. 1¼ in. \$90; 450	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00 2,250.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pumpheads \$2000) Fire-fighting apparatus: Hose: 1100 feet 2½ in. \$600; 100 ft. 2 in. \$50; 200 ft. 1¼ in. \$90; 450 ft. ¾ in. \$75; 50 extinguishers	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00 2,250.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pumpheads \$2000) Fire-fighting apparatus: Hose: 1100 feet 2½ in. \$600; 100 ft. 2 in. \$50; 200 ft. 1¼ in. \$90; 450 ft. ¾ in. \$75; 50 extinguishers \$100; fire pump \$900	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00 2,250.00 14,200.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pumpheads \$2000) Fire-fighting apparatus: Hose: 1100 feet 2½ in. \$600; 100 ft. 2 in. \$50; 200 ft. 1¼ in. \$90; 450 ft. ¾ in. \$75; 50 extinguishers \$100; fire pump \$900 Gas machine plant	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00 2,250.00 14,200.00 1,875.00 400.00	
Dormitory furniture School apparatus and equipment Library equipment Pictures and statuary Library books Power house machinery Other machinery Water works (tower and tank \$3000; reservoir \$1200; mains \$5500; two wells \$2500; pumps and pumpheads \$2000) Fire-fighting apparatus: Hose: 1100 feet 2½ in. \$600; 100 ft. 2 in. \$50; 200 ft. 1¼ in. \$90; 450 ft. ¾ in. \$75; 50 extinguishers \$100; fire pump \$900	17,000.00 11,500.00 1,000.00 500.00 9,600.00 15,700.00 2,250.00 14,200.00	

#### SUNDRIES.

350 acres of land\$	26,250.00	
85 head dairy stock		
9 head work stock	1,550.00	
244 head swine	1,474.00	
Swimming pool	2,500.00	
Fences and walks	4,100.00	
Wagons and implements	500.00	
Farming tools	250.00	
Orchard	300.00	
	_	\$ 44,254.00
Total		\$480,579.00

#### Improvements 1914-1915

- 1. Installation of a water works system consisting of a deep well, a 4,000 gallon pump, a 10 h.p. motor, and 6500 feet of 6 inch cast iron water main. Cost \$8,000.
- 2. Addition of another well with complete pumping equipment, having a capacity of 4,000 gallons per hour. Cost \$2,500.
- 3. Construction of a water reservoir with a capacity of 100,000 gallons. Cost \$1,000.
- 4. Installation of a fire pump having a capacity of 500 gallons per minute. Cost \$900.
- 5. Purchase of 1,000 feet of 2 1-2 inch fire hose and installation of a fourth hydrant. Cost \$600.
- 6. Construction of a swimming pool 30x100 feet of reenforced concrete. Cost \$2,500.
  - 7. Erection of a stock shed for the dairy herd. Cost \$500.
- 8. Building a store house for tools, implements, supplies and furniture. Cost \$500.
- 9. Improving the grounds and terracing the approach to Normal Hill. Cost \$400.
  - 10. Addition of 1642 volumes to the library. Cost \$1,000.
- 11. Installation of a moving picture machine and metal booth. Cost \$500.

- 12. Putting in a watchman's clock system. Cost \$75.
- 13. Repair to the underground steam heat lines. Cost \$2,000.
  - 14. Purchase of 17.89 acres of land. Cost \$1565.38.
  - 15. Building a dipping vat for normal stock. Cost \$100.
- 16. Installing an irrigating plant for the Normal school garden. Cost \$200.
  - 17. Erection of small canning plant. Cost \$100.
- 18. Abandonment of high school work in the tenth and eleventh grades, so as to eliminate all duplicated instruction.
- 19. Raising the standard of admission on June 1st, 1914, by a term, bringing it up to the completion of the second high school year.
- 20. Addition of a teacher of domestic art, one of physical training for women, and one of penmanship.
- 21. Establishment in August, 1915, of a farmer boys' school of one week's duration, in connection with the department of rural education. Enrolment, 163 boys.
  - 22. Establishment of a student publication.
- 23. Organization of five student clubs: French Circle, Latin Club, Contemporary Life Club, Rural Life Club, and a Study Club.
  - 24. Establishment of a students' honor system.

#### Course of Study

Prior to the opening of the summer quarter in 1911, the requirement for admission to the Normal School was approximately the completion of the seventh grade of the public schools. At that time, the course was advanced a half-year. In June, 1912, the standard was raised another half-year, bringing the requirements for admission up to the completion of the eighth grade or first high school year. In December, 1913, another advance of a half-year was made. Therefore, during these three years, the Normal course of study was raised by one and one-half years of public school work. On June 1st, 1914, another advancement of a half-year was made, thus bringing the Normal School up to the proper and accepted standard of the normal schools of the United States.

At the opening of the fall term of 1911, a course for the training of rural teachers was added to the regular curriculum of the school, the purpose of which was to prepare teachers for the important work of developing and uplifting the rural schools of Louisiana.

Later the general curriculum of the school was differentiated so as to provide for the training of teachers for all lines of public school work in the State. Thus there are today seven courses in the Normal School to equip teachers for the following departments: Primary grades, grammar grades, music and art, English and history, including Latin or French, science and mathematics, home economics, and rural schools.

#### Attendance for 1914-1916

#### Normal Department

	1914-'15	1915-'16
Summer	925	1004
Fall	649	667
Winter	609	620
Spring	698	646
Total (less duplications)	1360	1500
Enrolment of men	243	336
Enrolment of women	1117	1164
P2		
Total enrolment	1360	1500
Percentage increase		10%

#### Training Department.

	1914-'15	1915-16
Summer	186	208
Fall	340	327
Winter	317	339
Spring	314	334
	<del></del>	
Total (less duplications)	408	447
Enrolment of boys	186	207
Enrolment of girls	222	240
Total enrolment	408	447

#### Attendance in Entire School.

	1914-'15	1915-'16
Normal Department	<b>1</b> 360	1500
Training Department	408	447
Total	1768	1947
Less promotions to Normal Department	36	31
Net total enrolment	1732	1916

#### Appropriations Recommended

The appropriations recommended to be made to the State Normal School by the General Assembly of Louisiana for the years ending June 30th, 1917, and June 30th, 1918, are each divided into two parts: maintenance and permanent improvements.

#### For Maintenance

The annual appropriation recommended for maintenance is \$90,000. (See itemized tabulation given below, page 12). This amount has been arrived at after the most careful consideration, not only of the imperative needs of the school, but also of the present financial condition of the State.

How moderate this recommendation is will be readily understood from the following considerations:

- 1. Estimating the present population of Louisiana to la 1,800,000, an appropriation of \$90,000 amounts to a tax of only 5 cents per capita. That the great Normal School of Louisiana should be required to operate at a less cost than 5 cents per capita must be admitted to be unreasonable.
- 2. The appropriation asked for amounts to only \$44 per student enrolled (year ending June 30, 1916). The appropriation made by Texas for the maintenance of its four white normal schools is \$76 per student; that of Mississippi for its white Normal school at Hattiesburg is \$80 per student; and that of Arkansas for its white normal school at Conway amounts to \$212 per student. The average appropriation, therefore, nade by the three states contiguous to Louisiana, for white normal schools is \$90.60 per student, which is more than twice the appropriation asked for the Louisiana State Normal School at the hands of the General Assembly. (The figures given above are taken from pp. 364 to 374, Vol. II, of the Report of the United States Commissioner of Education for 1913, which is the latest report available).

The State Normal School has always sought to render to the people of Louisiana an efficient service. That this end has been achieved is generally recognized, although the handicap of extremely limited appropriations has, in spite of the most rigid economy, frequently prevented the school from extending the field of its usefulness.

If the school is to continue rendering an efficient service to the State, it is necessary that the full appropriation asked for be granted. Unless this is done the usefulness of the institution must be impaired and its present high degree of efficiency must be lowered.

## For Permanent Improvements

The needs of the State Normal School by way of permanent improvements comprise the erection of nine buildings, as follows: A dormitory for men, four dormitories for women, a gymnasium, an administration building including library, auditorium and offices, a science building and an infirmary—total aggregate cost \$460,000. These are actual needs, and a proper development of the institution demands that these buildings be provided for at the earliest possible opportunity.

It is needless to add that the institution does not expect an appropriation of \$460,000 for building purposes at this time out of the general fund of the State. The writer, however, is discharging a sacred duty in again calling the attention of the Governor and General Assembly of Louisiana to the needs of the Normal School in the matter of buildings, and particularly of dormitories reasonably safe from fire.

At one time or other during the year 400 young women and 60 young men are housed in frame dormitories which in case of fire might destroy the lives of many of them. Not only are the buildings veritable tinder boxes, but their crowded positions would make successful fire fighting extremely difficult.

The first great need of the Normal School in the matter of buildings is a dormitory for men, which would cost \$40,000; the next is one for women, which would cost \$35,000. These appropriations, it is hoped, the Legislature will not fail to make.

## Recommendations of Appropriations for Maintenance

of the

#### State Normal School

	Year Ending June 30, '17	Year Ending June 30, '18
Salaries of teachers and officers	\$62,500.00	\$62,500.00
Labor		5,700.00
Fuel and oil		5.000.00
Repairs (1%)		5,000.00
Improvements		2,000.00
Supplies		2,000.00
Furniture		1,500.00
Insurance		1,500.00
Library	1,500.00	1,500.00
Janitors		1,600.00
Care of grounds	1,400.00	1,400.00
Traveling expenses		1,000.00
Water and lights		1,800.00
Freight and express		500.00
Contingent items		2,000.00
Total	\$96,000.00	\$96,000.00
Less fees		6,000.00
Net total	\$90,000,00	\$90,000.00

## Recommendations of Appropriations for Buildings

For the year ending June 30, 1917, a dormitory for men at a cost of \$40,000.00.

For the year ending June 30, 1918, a dormitory for women at a cost of \$35,000.00.

Respectfully submitted,

V. L. ROY, President.

## Treasurer's Report

Natchitoches, La., May 1st, 1916.

Report of Treasurer of Louisiana State Normal School, of receipts and disbursements from May 1st, 1914, to April 15th, 1916.

#### RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand May 1st, 1914	
Agriculture	484.45
Athletics	2,176.55
Band	720.48
Biology	164.00
Chemistry	759.45
Contingent	67.17
Domestic Art	154.00
Domestic Science	939.05
Freight and express (refund)	37.09
Fuel and oil	34.65
Furniture and equipment	8.50
Gateway fund	265.85
Grounds, care of	.50
Improvements and repairs	289.07
Incidentals	11,256.00
Interest and discount	415.15
Labor	22.50
Library	17.79
Lyceum	2,557.81
Maintenance	149,583.36
Manual training	543.82
Model school fees	329.25
Model School maintenance	1,000.00
Movies	109.20
Physics	757.00
School supplies	53.65
Special tuition	235.00
State Institute fund	1,500.00
Stationery, printing and postage	77.97
Victrola fund	121.00
Water works	8,000.00

\$194,366.49

#### DISBURSEMENTS.

Agriculture	\$ 818.07
Athletics	2,396.15
Band	648.64
Chemistry	870.56
Biology	219.94
Contingent	2,106.03
Domestic Art	38.66
Domestic Science	1,133.28
Engineers and janitors	1,501.65
Freight and express	902.05
Fuel and oil	6,932.18
Furniture and equipment	1,687.16
Grounds, care of	1,503.35
Improvements and repairs	6,158.57
Insurance	2,228.23
Labor	11,293.19
Land	1,884.90
Library	1,179.01
Lyceum	2,396.57
Manual Training	449.63
Model School equipment	971.10
Model School fees	52.10
New boiler	61.00
Power house	262.60
Physics	784.31
Salaries	124,468.25
Supplies	3,187.43
Special tuition (refund)	12.00
Stationery, printing and postage	3,433.73
Traveling expenses	1,046.35
Victrola fund	121.00
Water and lights	877.90
Water works	8,981.58
Cash on hand May 1st, 1916	3,359.32

\$194,366.49

J. C. MONROE, Treasurer.

## Statement of Normal Club

May 1, 1914, to April 15, 1916.

#### RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand May 1, 1914		\$ 20,602.37
Board\$1	37,188.10	
Laundry	23,469.00	
Music	5,738.05	
Piano Rent	1,155.70	
Dairy	2,030.80	
Infirmary	4,181.00	
Labor	28.15	
Furniture and Equipment	6.00	
Garden	46.68	
Provisions	1,124.26	
Dairy Herd	325.00	
Piano Account	80.00	
Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment_	2.00	
Interest and Discount	671.50	
Insurance—refund	17.92	
Live Stock—expense	40.56	
Louisiana State Normal School	2,651.90	
Live Stock—sales	145.00	
Fuel	265.36	
Improvement and Repairs—refund	.20—	- 179.167.18
		+100 500 55

\$199,769.55

#### DISBURSEMENTS.

Provisions\$	80,262.06	
Live Stock	1,614.47	
Labor	17,084.98	
Infirmary	3,074.66	
Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment_	2,306.23	
Sundries	738.07	
Dairy	14,255.25	
Garden	2,377.38	
Laundry	13,990.09	
Fuel	8,279.69	
Freight and Express	1,905.38	
Improvement and Repairs	2,418.82	
Music	6,578.63	
Salaries	4,360.35	
Dairy Herd	75.00	
City of Natchitoches—loan	1,500.00	
Louisiana State Normal School	2,651.90	
Board—refund	1,531.25	
Laundry—refund	193.25	
Furniture and Equipment	2,249.34	
Insurance	178.50	
Piano Rent	135.05	
Land	1,565.38	
Water Works	888.99	
Swimming Pool	1,117.59	
Piano Account	975.00	
Miscellaneous	634.67-	- 172,941.98
Balance on hand April 15, 1916		26,827.57
		\$199,769.55

## **FACULTY**

V. L. ROY, President, School Administration. C. C. WHISENHUNT, Director Training School GEORGE WILLIAMSON, Biology J. W. BATEMAN, Director Rural Course HERBERT C. COOLEY, Pedagogy \* L. A. DAVIS, Chemistry P. T. HEDGES, Mathematics. A. M. HOPPER, Manual Training. MRS. L. C. McVOY, English A. D. ST. AMANT, Economics CHARLES G. BERGER, Public School Music R. W. WINSTEAD, Latin MISS ROBERTA NEWELL, Psychology H. LEE PRATHER, Athletic Director J. C. HAZZARD, English F. G. FOURNET, Physics JOHN DOMINIQUE, Penmanship CHARLES K. PAYNE, Mathematics MISS NOELIE HART, French MISS A. EVELYN SHEEN, Art MISS DEAN E. VARNADO, History MISS MARGARET WEEKS, Domestic Science MISS C. A. DICKSON, Domestic Science and Art MISS LUCY DANCY, Physical Training of Women MISS MABEL MOORE, English MISS NORMA OVERBEY, Assistant Rural Education J. E. GUARDIA, Principal Training School MISS A. E. GAULDEN, High School Critic Teacher. MISS MARTHA FELTUS, High School Critic Teacher MISS AUGUSTA NELKEN, Seventh Grade Critic Teacher MISS EDNA LEVY, Sixth Grade Critic Teacher MISS EDITH PORTER, Fifth Grade Critic Teacher MISS BESS GRAHAM, Fourth Grade Critic Teacher MISS EDA BURLACK, Third Grade Critic Teacher MISS BERTHA HAUPT, Second Grade Critic Teacher MISS ELIZABETH TEEGARTEN, First Grade Critic Teacher AAGE FREDERICKS, Director School of Music MISS CECILE E. MANDOT, Piano MISS CORA F. DAVIES, Voice RAYMOND G. UPTON, Chemistry.

Deceased.

## **OFFICERS**

V. L. ROY, President
MISS DEAN E. VARNADO, Dean of Women
MISS SCHARLIE RUSSELL, Librarian
J. C. SOUTH, Registrar
J. C. MONROE, Auditor
MISS M. A. ZIMMERMANN, Secretary
MRS. FLORA E. BOWERS, Graduate Nurse
MRS. FANNIE MONTGOMERY, Matron
W. H. TRISLER, Superintendent of Grounds
T. J. WEAVER, Gardener
W. T. ROW, Watchman
O. L. YOUNG, Assistant.

## Additions to Summer School Faculty 1916

Principal D. G. LUNSFORD, Coushatta High School Principal S. M. BRAME, Alexandria High School Principal W. W. TISON, Marksville High School Principal P. H. GRIFFITH, Eunice High School Principal W. J. AVERY, Bastrop High School Principal P. C. ROGERS, Jr., Patterson High School Principal W. H. MOORE, Homer High School Principal C. H. YOUNG, Napoleonville High School Principal C. D. PIERCE, Castor High School Superintendent J. N. YEAGER, Lake Charles, La. Superintendent L. J. BOURGEOIS, Edgard, La. J. L. THOMPSON, Bastrop, La. M. S. ROBERTSON, Ajax, La. Miss ETHELYN ABBOTT, Grand Rapids, Mich. Miss MAY NEWTON, penmanship, Shreveport, La. Miss HARRIET BARTHOLF, Principal, Shreveport, La. Miss B. M. HOOKER, Principal Grand Cane High School. Miss MARGARET GRAHAM, Alexandria, La. Miss ZILLA CHRISTIAN, Newman Manual Training School, New Orleans, La. Miss LILLIAN HART, instructor in French.









L93aB 1916-18

EVALUATE PROPERTY.

# SEVENTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

# Louisiana State Normal School

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA



1918



## NORMAL QUARTERLY

OF THE

## LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

Published by the Louisiana State Normal School, Natchitoches, Louisiana. Issued Quarterly, in January, April, July and October.

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Vol. VII.

JULY, 1918.

No. 3

# SEVENTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

## Louisiana State Normal School

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

1918

### BOARD OF ADMINISTRATORS

#### EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS.

		•••		
His Excellency Ruffin (	G. Pleasant	-Governor of Louisiana		
Baton Rouge				
Hon, T. H. Harris	0 -	ent of Public Education		
	Baton Rouge	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
V L Roy		ent State Normal School		
v. B. 1005	Natchitoches	ant State Normal School		
	Natchitoches			
REPE	RESENTATIVE MEM	BERS.		
Hon. J. C. Foster	Shreveport	First District		
	Term expires 1920			
Hon. Edward Everett	Farmerville	Second District		
	Term expires 1922			
Hon. Swords R. Lee	Alexandria	Third District		
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	Term expires 1918			
Hon. John Shaffer	Ellendale	Fifth District		
	Term expires 1918			
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	Term expires 1920			
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EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE				
Hon. J. C. Foster		Chairman		
		Resident Administrator		
V. L. Roy	·	President		

# Seventeenth Biennial Report

OF THE

# Louisiana State Normal School

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA.

To His Excellency Ruffin G. Pleasant, Governor, and the General Assembly of Louisiana:

The Seventeenth Biennial Report of the Louisiana State Normal School, covering the period from May, 20, 1916, to May 20, 1918, is herewith respectfully submitted for your consideration.

#### ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE.

The State Normal School of Louisiana was founded by an act of the General Assembly approved July 7, 1884, and was established at Natchitoches by action of the State Board of Education at a session held in the early fall of that year. Subsequently the Board of Administrators was appointed, and the school opened its first session on November 2, 1885, with Dr. E. E. Sheib as president.

The act of establishment declares that the school shall be maintained "for the benefit of such white persons of either sex as may desire and intend to teach in the public schools of Louisiana." It is the only institution created and maintained by the state solely for the purpose of training teachers for its public school system.

#### BUILDINGS AND LAND.

MAIN ACADEMIC BUILDING. This building was erected in 1906, at a cost of \$119,000. It contains thirty-four class rooms, the offices of administration, 3,000 square feet of floor space for the library, five rooms for the School of Music, cloak and store rooms, and a handsome auditorium, having a seating capacity of 750. In the basement are extensive toilets, the machinery for a hot-air heating system and for a cool-air ventilating system, and class and store rooms for the manual training department.

PRACTICE SCHOOL BUILDING. This is a three-story brick building measuring 95 by 156 feet. It was completed April 1, 1913, and has been used since then by the practice school. The cost of the building is \$65,000, of which amount \$50,000 was paid for by a

bond issue voted in the First Ward of Natchitoches Parish on February 8, 1912.

BOYD HALL. This is a large frame building erected in 1895, under the administration of Col. Thos. D. Boyd. During the summer of 1912 the building was moved to a position near the power house and parallel to the main building, the change having been made to afford a proper location for the new model school building.

Boyd Hall is now used exclusively for academic purposes. On the first floor are found the domestic science department, the chemistry classroom and laboratory, classrooms for the department of rural training, and several offices. The second floor contains a large auditorium, now used as a gymnasium, and the biological classroom and laboratory. On the third floor are found the physics classroom and laboratory.

DINING HALL. This is a two-story concrete structure at the western extremity of the dormitory court. It was erected during 1911. The main dining room has accommodation for 1,000 students. The kitchen, thoroughly equipped, is fireproof. The firproof pantries, a work room for the preparation of food, two offices for the matron, a chafing dish room, a linen room, and a reception room complete the first floor. The second story contains sixteen bedrooms for thirty young lady students, with bathroom and sanitary accommodations. The dean's quarters are on the second floor. Two concrete walks lead from the academic court to the dining hall.

CONCRETE DORMITORIES. Two reinforced concrete dormitories form the south boundary of the new dormitory court. They are designated as A and B buildings. The latter was erected in 1910 at a cost of \$30,000. It contains 48 bedrooms, each accommodating two students. Each room has a stationary washstand and individual closets. "A" building was erected in 1913 at a cost of \$38,000. It contains 58 dormitory rooms. In structure and design the two buildings are similar. Each dormitory is equipped with shower baths, ample sanitary toilets, rooms for ironing, having several electric irons, and trunk rooms. Both buildings are lighted by electricity and heated by steam. Concrete pavements lead from the dormitories westward to the dining hall, and eastward to the academic court.

OTHER DORMITORIES. The school also uses as dormitories the following: East Hall and West Hall, commodious old frame buildings, erected twenty-five years ago; the old model school building, in which the infirmary is located; the men's dormitory, formerly the old dining hall, which was moved to a remote part of the grounds; and three summer "shacks" used as dormitories during the summer term. The total dormitory capacity of these frame buildings is 450.

CONCRETE LAUNDRY. This is a one-story, fireproof, concrete

building. Its capacity is, at present, 800 students. All irons are heated by electricity. Steam drying is employed.

NEW DAIRY BARN. This handsome modern concrete building was erected at the expense and for the use of the Normal Club. It is fireproof in every respect, has fifty stalls, and is so constructed as to make possible the application of the most approved sanitary measures. The barn floor is of concrete, with stalls, gutters, troughs, etc., so arranged as to permit the use of water hose for cleaning purposes. The stalls are the James Improved Sanitary, and the barn is equipped with an overhead litter carrier. The silo is of 150 tons capacity. The milk room is on the first floor.

THE CONCRETE POWER HOUSE. This building was erected in 1913 at a cost of \$4,000. It has a floor area 40x50 feet, with a flat roof 21 feet above the floor. It is of reinforced concrete and has extensive glass windows at each end. The power house supplies electricity for lighting all academic buildings, dormitories and dwellings, for operating electric fans during the summer quarter, and for heating the electric irons in the laundry; and steam for operating the hot-air system in the main building and heating the other school buildings and dormitories.

OTHER BUILDINGS. The President's Cottage is a two-story frame dwelling, standing west of the Second street entrance. South of the ladies' dormitories are four cottages, occupied by employees of the school. The stock barn is a frame structure, 50x90 feet, with stall space for fifty head of cattle and twelve horses and mules; it contains besides a carriage room, grain bins, and a hay loft of ample capacity. To the rear of the stock barn stands the wagon and implement shed, erected in 1913; it is 20x100 feet. A lumber shed, a hay barn for dairy cows, a calf barn, a poultry house, a brooder house, two coal bins, a canning house, a slaughter pen, a feed shed, a shed for wagonetes and teams, a large store room, and a workman's cabin, complete the present equipment of buildings.

WATER WORKS. In 1914 a water works system was installed at a cost of \$8,000. It consists of a deep well equipped with pump, pumphead and a ten-horsepower motor, and 6,500 feet of 6-inch water main connecting the well and the 30,000-gallon water tank on the main campus. In the early part of 1916, a second well with pumping equipment was added, the old swimming pool was converted into a water reservoir with a capacity of 80,000 gallons, and a fire pump was installed having a capacity of 5,000 gallons per minute. In the fall of 1916, one of the wells having given out, a third well was bored by the working force of the school; and in the summer of 1917 a fourth well was constructed. The last two wells built are now in good order, yielding about 5,500 gallons per hour.

SWIMMING POOL. For the use of the young women of the

school, the new concrete swimming pool was built in 1916. Its dimensions are 30 by 100 feet, and the depth varies from 4 to 8 feet. While in use during the summer months, a constant flow of water pours into the pool from a salt water well. The pool is suitably enclosed and is equipped with fifteen fresh water showers.

THE PERGOLA. This is a covered walk 400 feet long, extending from the vicinity of the Academide Court to the Dining Hall. The columns are of concrete. They carry the steam line to the three dormitories.

THE INFIRMARY. This building occupies a large room on the second floor of the model school building. It is in charge of a graduate nurse, who is in constant attendance upon the sick or indisposed.

LIGHT AND HEAT. All dormitories, including the dining hall and two of the academic buildings, are heated by steam, the Warren-Webster system being used. The main academic building is heated by a plenum and exhaust system.

LAND. Besides the original tract purchased by the town and parish of Natchitoches for the use of the Normal School, additional land has recently been purchased, including 62.83 acres bought in 1914 to control the water shed in the vicinity of the new well. The school now owns 410 acres of land. The campus occupies about twenty-five acres; the atheltic grounds, eight acres; the garden, ten acres; the fields, seventy acres; the pecan grove, twenty-five acres; and the remainder is in open and wood pasture

#### IMPROVEMENTS 1916-1918.

- 1. Building of a summer house for use as a girl's dormitory during the summer quarter. This is a frame structure, having 14 rooms, and a capacity of 42 students. Cost \$1,022.92.
- 2. Erection in March, 1917, of a men's summer house with sleeping porches, showers and toilets, having 18 rooms, and a capacity of 54 students. Cost \$2,136.38.
- 3. Erection in May, 1917, of a second summer house for girls, with wide sleeping porches, and a capacity of 39 students. Cost \$1,261.53.
- 4. Erection in April, 1918, of a coal bin with concrete floor, 40x70 feet, having a capacity of 30,000 tons. Cost \$931.23.
- 5. Construction in August, 1916, of a slaughter house, pen, and feed bin for use in connection with the boarding department. Cost \$308.04.
- 6. Erection of a pergola, 440 feet long, leading from the academic court to the dining hall, completed in May, 1917. Cost \$1,359.23.

- 7. Construction in March, 1918, of a brooder house with a capacity of 1,500 chicks. Cost \$207.57.
- 8. Construction of a steam sterilizer in September, 1916. Cost \$106.85.
- 9. Construction in 1916 of sleeping porch on second story of dining hall. Cost \$222.87.
- 10. Building and equipping a milk room in dairy barn in September, 1916. Cost, including bottle washer, sterilizer, bottler and boiler, \$1,110.
- 11. Rebuilding 8,000 feet of barbed wire fence and repairing 500 panels of old fences, Cost \$775.
  - 12. Grading and leveling campus. Cost \$200.00.
- 13. Repairs to assembly room and gymnasium of practice school building. Cost \$240.72.
- 14. Extension in 1916 of water main in Dormitory Court. Cost \$190.60.
- 15. Repairs to steam lines, placed under pergola. Cost \$1,056.68.
  - 16. Painting interior of West Hall, in 1916. Cost \$348.20.
  - 17. Painting the President's cottage. Cost \$68.80.
- 18. Drilling in July, 1917, a deep well, having a capacity of 2,500 gallons per hour. Cost \$1,763.90.
- 19. Purchase of 62.78 acres of land adjacent to the school, in June, 1916. Cost \$3,300.00.
- 20. Building in February, 1918, of a roadway around Normal Hill to approach the main building. Cost \$496.23.
- 21. Addition of 1,211 volumes to the Normal library. Cost \$1,675.47.
- 22. Purchase of a Republic truck to do the school hauling, September, 1917. Cost \$1,275.
- 23. Transfering to the high school department March 4, 1918, of the first term of the Normal Department. The second term is to be similarly transferred on May 29, 1918.
  - 24. Establishment in 1916 of a postal station at the school.
- 25. Sale of four carloads of hogs by Boarding Club. Net proceeds \$4.411.66.
- 26. Establishment in 1918 of a poultry farm in connection with the Boarding Club. Cost to date \$805.00.
- 27. Installation in 1916 of electric motor to operate ventilating and heating system in Main Building. Cost \$517.00.

## **ATTENDANCE 1916-1918**

#### Normal Department

Normal Department		
	1916-'17	1917-'18
Summer Quarter	1,099	978
Fall Quarter	723	685
Winter Quarter	. 683	609
Spring Quatrer		544
Totals		2,816
Deduct duplications	1,464	1,368
Net enrollment	1,641	1,448
Enrollment of men	. 338	220
Enrollment of women	1,303	1,228
Net enrollment	1,641	1,448
Training Department		
	1916-'17	1917-'18
Summer Quarter	. 240	179
Fall Quarter	. 356	381
Winter Quarter		386
Spring Quarter		359
Totals	1,336	1,305
Less duplications	. 846	816
Net enrollment	490	489
Enrollment of boys	227	224
Enrollment of girls		265
Net enrollment	490	489
Attendance in All Department	s	
1916-1918	1916-'17	1917-'18
Normal Department		1,448
		1,448
High School DepartmentPractice School, grades		368
Fractice School, grades		
Totals	2,131	1,937
Net total enrollment	2,094	1,920

#### Attendance by Years.

	Normal Dept.	Practice School	Total
1885-1886	27	32	59
1886-1887	34	45	79
1887-1888	44	104	148
1888-1889	44	110	154
1890-1891	138	120	258
1891-1892	163	107	270
1892-1893	180	113	293
1893-1894	197	107	304
1894-1895	232	124	359
1895-1896	258	104	362
1896-1897	284	139	423
1897-1898	317	124	441
1898-1899	343	116	455
1899-1900	364	123	487
1900-1901	359	252	606
1901-1902	396	282	665
1902-1903	493	319	795
1903-1904		322	804
1904-1905		301	904
1905-1906	600	295	895
1906-1907	505	259	764
1907-1908	495	276	771.
1908-1909	727	272	985
1909-1910	1,362	315	1,667
1910-1911		344	1,863
1911-1912	1,514	419	1,901
1912-1913	1,340	372	1,712
1913-1914	1,327	376	1,703
1914-1915	1,360	408	1,768
1915-1916		447	1,917
1916-1917	1,641	490	2,107
1917-1918	1,448	489	1,920

Number of	f Gradu	ates by Years.	
1885-1886	3	1901-1902	57
1886-1887	11	1902-1903	53
1887-1888	12	1903-1904	92
1888-1889	11	1904-1905	102
1889-1890	8	1905-1906	88
1890-1891	18	1906-1907	38
1891-1892	26	1907-1908	58
1892-1893	15	1908-1909	88
1893-1894	29	1909-1910	143
1894-1895	34	1910-1911	147
1895-1896	19	1911-1912	212
1896-1897	30	1912-1913	183
1897-1898	49	1913-1914	.189
1898-1899	61	1914-1915	246
1899-1900	48	1915-1916	217
1900-1901	58	1916-1917	244
		1917-1918	260
matal musches of a large	-400	-	0.040
			2,846
Number graduated 1911 to			1,551
Per cent graduated 1911 to	1918		54%

#### EXPENSES.

Students pursuing regular courses leading to graduation receive free tuition. Special students are required to pay a term tuition fee of \$12.00. The regular fees per quarter or term are as follows:

Incidental fee	\$2.00
Athletic and lyceum fee	1.00
Library fee	.50
Total	\$3.50

The athletic and lyceum fee is not charged during the summer quarter.

The laboratory and industrial fees range from \$1.00 to \$2.50 per term, according to cost of material used by the students in the different subjects.

#### BOARDING CLUB EXPENSES.

Board, lodging, laundry and infirmary fees are not paid by the state. Each student bears his own living expenses. In the Normal Boarding Club the cost per quarer is as follows:

Boarding Club the cost per quarer is as follows:	
Board and lodging, twelve weeks	\$45.00
Laundrey, twelve weeks	6.00
Infirmary fee, per term	1.00
	<b>A Z Q Q Q</b>

For the ten weeks of the summer term, the total is reduced to \$43.50.

New students boarding in the club must pay the total cost of one quarter in advance Other students pay monthly in advance.

#### COST OF BOOKS.

All text books used at the Normal School are on sale at publishers' list prices at the Normal bookstore. The books may be purchased or rented. If rented, a deposit covering the full price of the books must be made with the clerk. When the books are returned at the end of the quarter, 75 per cent of the deposit is refunded. When, for any reason, a text book is to be changed, the privilege of renting such book is withdrawn. The rental price of text books that are not in use every quarter is 40 per cent of the list price.

#### THE ANNUAL SESSION.

The school year consists of four quarters, and begins with the summer quarter. Each quarter has sixty school days, and the annual session has two hundred and forty days. There are twelve weeks to each quarter, excepting the summer quarter. During the summer, school is taught six days per week, and the term runs ten weeks. The several quarters open approximately as follows: June 1, September 10, December 1, and March 1.

#### ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS.

Prior to the opening of the summer quarter of 1911, the requirement for admission to the State Normal School was equivalent approximately to the completion of the seventh grade of the public schools. At that time the course was advanced a half year. In June, 1912, the standard of admission was raised another half year, bringing the entrance requirement up to the completion of the first high school year. In December, 1913, another advance of a half year was made. On June 1st, 1914, the standard of admission was further raised by a half year, bringing it up to the completion of the second high school year.

During the session of 1917-1918, the two lowest terms of the Normal course were dropped, and the entrance requirement raised to the competion of the third high school year. During the session 1918-1919 all courses in the Normal Department that are of secondary school grade will be dropped, and full high school graduation with 16 units will be required for entrance.

The Practice School now has ten full grades, and after 1918-

1919 will have all the grades from the first through the eleventh. This school is maintained jointly by the Normal School and the Natchitoches Parish School Board.

#### THE COURSE OF STUDY.

The four-year Normal professional course is divided into two parts of two years each. Completion of the first two years entitles the student to the Normal diploma, which is a state license to teach in any of the public schools of Louisiana. The remaining two years of the course consist of advanced subjects, on which Normal credits or college hours are issued. This permits teachers who aspire to quality as high school teachers to earn the credits necessary to meet the requirements imposed by the State Board of Education.

At the opening of the spring quarter, 1918, the course of study was placed on a unit basis with required and elective subjects. In the two-year course, which begins at the point of high school graduation, 17 subjects or unit courses are prescribed and 7 are elective. In the four-year course, 25 unt subjects are prescribed and 23 are elective.

The new course of study, providing as it does for elective subjects in both the two-year and the four-year courses, allows ample specialization. The particular fields of education for which specialization is recommended are as follows:

The primary grades.

The intermediate grades.

The grammar grades.

Music and art.

Manual training.

Rural schools.

Domestic science and art.

In the four-year course specialization is suggested along the following lines of secondary school work:

Physical sciences and mathematics.

Biological sciences and mathematics.

English and history.

Latin or French and social science.

Home economics.

Manual training and mathematics.

The number of unit courses (five hours per week for twelve

weeks) now offered by the State Normal School in subjects of collegiate grade is as follows:

Agriculture	6
Education	23
English	15
Fine Arts	5
French	13
Home Economics	8
Latin	6
Manual Training	8
Mathematics	10
Natural Science	9
Physical Science	9
Public School Music	5
Social Science	14
Total	131
Other special courses offered are as follows:	
Library	2
Penmanship	3
Physical Education	17
Total	22

## APPROPRIATIONS RECOMMENDED

---- FOR -----

#### 1918-1920

Following are the appropriations estimated as absolutely necessary for the next two years. These figures are the same as those submitted to the Board of State Affairs:

Item.	1918-1919.	1919-1920.
Salaries and wages	\$ 72,000	\$ 73,800
General expenses	12,350	12,600
Repairs	4,370	4,000
Equipment, supplies, etc	3,600	3,600
New buildings	20,000	45,000
Improvements (betterments)	4,650	3,000
Other purposes	1,000	2,000
Total	\$117,970	\$144,000

Other estimates submited to the Board were as follows:

Appropriations considered as necessary in order to develop the institution in accordance with the demands made upon it and to increase its efficiency:

For 1918-1919 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \$190,425 For 1919-1920 \_\_\_\_\_\_ 200,000

Appropriations considered as desirable in order to develop the institution up to the best standard of American normal schools:

For 1918-1919 \_\_\_\_\_\_ \$252,825 For 1919-1920 \_\_\_\_\_\_ 278,600

Following is a comparative statement of the appropriations recommended by the school as absolutely necessary for the next two years and those recommended to the General Assembly by the Board of State Affairs:

For 1918-1919.	Absolutely	Recommended
	Necessary	by State Board
Salaries, general expenses	\$ 84,350	\$85,000
Repairs	4,370	3,000
Improvements, equipment	3,600	5,000
New buildings	20,000	
Betterments	4,650	
Other purposes	1,000	
Totals	\$117,970	\$93,000
For 1919-1920.	Absolutely	Recommended
For 1919-1920.	Absolutely Necessary	Recommended by State Board
For 1919-1920.  Salaries, general expenses		
	Necessary	by State Board
Salaries, general expensesRepairs	Necessary \$ 86,400	by State Board \$85,000
Salaries, general expenses	Necessary \$ 86,400 4,000	by State Board \$85,000 3,000
Salaries, general expenses Repairs Improvements, equipment	Necessary \$ 86,400 4,000 3,600	\$85,000 3,000 10,000
Salaries, general expenses Repairs Improvements, equipment New buildings	Necessary \$ 86,400 4,000 3,600 45,000	by State Board \$85,000 3,000 10,000
Salaries, general expenses Repairs Improvements, equipment New buildings Betterments	Necessary \$ 86,400 4,000 3,600 45,000 3,000	by State Board \$85,000 3,000 10,000

#### EXPLANATION OF ESTIMATE.

Salaries.—This item calls for a minimum increase of \$3,000.00. This is required because (a) of the rising scale of wages, and (b) of some necessary increase in the salaries of certain underpaid teachers. We have had to increase wages about 40 per cent, and still we are almost in despair for help. Some faculty members have resigned in the last year on account of our low salary schedule.

General Expenses.-No increase over 1917-1918 is asked in the

minimum schedules. The increase this year over last year is chiefly due to the high cost of fuel and to insurance.

Repairs.—Besides the ordinary repairs, it is imperative that the roofs of two dormitories be repaired (\$225); that a new roof be built over the laundry (\$820); that several hundred feet of gutters be renewed (\$525); and that five of our big frame buildings be repainted (\$1,600).

Improvements.—To distinguish from betterments, I have included equipment, etc. Besides furniture and library books, where the minimum calls for practically no increase, the following essentials are provided for: Library shelves and supplies, \$500; apparatus for the several laboratories, \$900; fire apparatus, hose, hydrants and extinguishers, \$600.

New Buildings.—The sum of \$20,000 asked as absolutely necessary is for an infirmary (\$18,000) and an engine room \$2,000). At present our sick students are housed in a dormitory and our facilities are deplorably poor. Such a condition of affairs may justly be regarded by the public as inexcusable. Our tin-roof, engine-room shelters expensive dynamos and machinery; it should be a concrete structure. The dormintory for men (\$55,000) and that for women (\$45,000) are to take the place of dingy old frame buildings which are a constant fire menace.

Betterments.—These items are as follows: (1) Well, including pumping machinery (\$3,200). While we have at this time a good well as well as an old, inferior well, experience teaches that the life of our wells is brief. It is imperative, therefore, that another well be put in. We cannot depend on Natchitoches for water and cannot run the school without a sure water supply.

- (2) Fences (\$800). The ten-year-old picket fence, in spite of continuous repairs, is in deplorable condition. Rebuilding the immediate front will cost \$800; other main portions would cost \$1,200 more.
- (3) Tile drains and grading (\$450 on the main campus are required for hygienic reasons).

Respectfully submitted,

V. L. ROY, President.

## INVENTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOL PROPERTY, May 15th, 1918.

#### BUILDINGS

Main Academic	\$97,000.00
Training School	61,000.00
Boyd Hall	14,000.00
Dining Hall	32,500.00
"A"	36,000.00
"B"	27,000.00
"M"	9,000.00
East Hall	9,000.00
West Hall	9,000400
Men's Dormitory	5,000.00
Laundry	3,000.00
President's Cottage	2,500.00
Dairy Barn	10,000.00
Powerhouse and Coalbin	5,000.00
Five Dwellings	3,000.00
Two Frame Barns	2,500.00
Four Sheds'	1,000.00
Two Girls' Summer Dormitories	2,250.00
One Boys' Summer Dormitory	2,100.00-\$330,850.00

### EQUIPMENT

EQUIPMENT	
School Furniture	\$13,200.00
School Apparatus and Equipment	14,050.00
Library Furniture and Equipment	1,200.00
Library Books	11,135.00
Pictures and Statuary	550.00
Twenty-one Pianos	5,700.00
Dining Hall Equipment and Supplies	12,282.00
Dormitory Furniture	13,208.00
Milk Room Equipment and Dairy Supplies	1,200.00
Gas Machine Plant	400.00
Laundry Equipment	3,390.00
Swimming Pool	3,000.00
Waterworks	15,225.00
Fire Department	2,255.00
Power House Machinery	15,700.00
Steam Lines	6,000.00
Electric Lines	2,200.00
Farm Machinery	935.00
Well Drilling Machinery	1,600.00
Other Machinery	1,775.00 - \$125,005.00

#### LIVE STOCK

Dairy Stock, 94 head	\$ 9,485.00
Beef Cattle, 48 head	1,975.00
Hogs, 127 head	1,730.00
Farm Work Stock, 5 head	675.00
School Work Stock, 2 head	400.00-\$ 14,265.00

#### SUNDRIES.

410.23 Acres of Land	\$30,750 00	
Pergola	900.00	
Walks	4,600.00	
Fences	4,300.00	
Wagons and Harness	225.00	
Farm and Garden Implements	400.00	
School Implements	725.00	
Canning Plant	300.00	
Sterilizing Plant	100.00	
Hothouse	250.00	
Poultry Farm	900.00	
Infirmary Equipment	300.00	
Republic Truck	1,200.00	
Dining Room, Coal Bin and Coop	250.00	
Bookstore	5,000.00-\$	50,200.00

Grand Total\_\_\_\_\_\_\$520,320.00

## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

—— OF THE ——

## LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

April 30th, 1917, to April 30th, 1918.

RECEIPTS		
Cash on hand May 1st, 1917		\$ 4,996.84
Departments Maintained by Student Fees:		
Agriculture	266.32	
Athletics	962.25	
Biology	152.00	
Chemistry	535.34	
Domestic Art	152.60	
Domestic Science	310.55	
Gateway Fund	349.95	
Library	1,084.20	
Lyceum	1,076.20	
Manual Training	180.50	
Movies	181.90	
Physics	215.00	5,466.81
Departments Maintained by General Fund:		
Care of Grounds	12.75	
City of Natchitoches	41.25	
Contingent	21.25	
Diplomas (renewed)	7.50	
Freight (refund)	.82	
Fuel and Oil	373.65	
Furniture and Equipment	18.00	
Improvements and Repairs	157.10	*
Incidentals	5,470.00	
Interest and Discount	239.94	
Labor	6.00	
Maintenace (State Ap.)	75,000.00	
Palmer Co.	300.00	
School Supplies	8.55	
Special Examination	5.00	
Special Tuition	68.00	
Smith-Hughes Fund	900.00	
War Work Department	28.00	
Water and Lights	54.00	82,711.81
GRAND TOTAL		\$93,175.46

DISBURSEMENTS		
Departments Maintained by Student Fees:		
Agriculture	248.16	
Atheltics	1,490.53	
Band	7.41	
Biology	10452	
Chemistry	615.74	
Domestic Art	142.07	
Domestic Science	392.68	
Library	1,406.76	
Lyceum	1,110.41	
Manual Training	246.85	
Movies	369.42	
Physics	223.19	\$ 6,357.74
Departments Maintained by General Fund:		
Care of Grounds	\$ 1,886.62	
Coal Bin	434.52	
Commencement Lectures	283.25	
Contingent	537.00	
Farm	5.50	
Freight and Express	92.03	
Fuel and Oil	9,773.18	
Furniture and Equipment	643.53	
Improvements and Repairs	1,629,26	
Incidentals	16 00	
Insurance	1,134.37	
Labor	2,876.90	
Salaries	63,849.99	
School Supplies	875.68	
Stationery, Printing and Postage	1,154.02	
Traveling Expenses	346.72	
War Work Department	79.80	
Water and Lights	720.90	86,339.27
Cash on hand April 30th, 1918		478.45

\$93,175.46

BALANCE SHEET FOR THE LOUI		E NORMAL
SCHOOL, MAY 1,	1918 Debits	Credtis
Agriculture	\$ 36.01	\$
Atheltics	456.97	
Band		3.87
Biology		212.77
Care of Grounds	1,488.50	
Chemistry	453.51	
Coal Bin	434.52	
Commencement Lectures	115.00	
Contingent	279.60	
Diploma Account	<b>-</b>	7.50
Domestic Art		264.30
Domestic Science	16.34	
Farm	5.50	
Freight and Express	69.56	
Fuel and Oil	7,897.91	
Furniture and Equipment	592.73	
Gateway Fund		789.55
Improvements and Repairs	1,316.05	
Incidentals		3,660.00
Insurance	1,134.37	
Interest and Discount		239.94
Labor	2,368.80	
Library	324.44	
Lyceum		4288
Maintenance		62,583.93
Manual Training	99.46	
Palmer Co.		200.00
Pergola	542.64	
Physics		302.21
Salaries	51,794.88	
School Supplies		
Special Examination		4.00
Special Tuition		56.00
Stationery, Printing and Postage	647.46	
Traveling Expenses	328.44	
Smith-Hughes Fund		900.00
War Work Department	51.80	
Water and Lights		
Water Works		2,795.73
	\$71,584.23	\$72,062.68
Cash on hand May 1st, 1918	478.45	
Grand Totals	\$72,062.68	\$72,062.68

## STATEMENT OF LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL CLUB,

#### April 15, 1916, to May 1, 1918.

#### RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand April 15, 1916		\$ 26,827.57
Band	\$ 132.00	
Bills Receivable	2,026.99	
Board	176,910.70	
Boys' Camp	10.00	
Dairy	16,625.33	
Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment	2.04	
Farm	1,772.37	
Farm Equipment	100.00	
Freight and Express	10.53	
Fuel and Oil	280.40	
Furniture and Equipment	10.00	
Garden	2,619.84	
Improvements and Repairs	137.60	
Infirmary	4,474400	
Interest and Discount	793.85	
Labor	50.52	
Laundry	26,793.55	
Live Stock	2.00	
Movies	219.42	
Music	5,111.46	
Piano Rentals	912.68	
Poultry Farm	5.06	
Provisions	1,868.13	
State Normal School	12.39	
Sundries	5.75	
Supplies	10.90	
Swimming Pool	2,795.73	
Well No. 4	4.05	243,697.29

\$270,524.86

GRAND TOTAL\_\_\_\_\_

DISBURSEMEN	TS	
Band	\$ 88.86	
Bills Receivable	777.00	
Board	3,446.63	
Book Store	15 00	
Boys' Camp	1,784.49	
Dairy	18,232.41	
Dairy Herd	1,092.00	
Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment	3,356.20	
Farm	3,106.92	
Freight and Express	2,624.51	
Fuel and Oil	12,977.15	
Furniture and Equipment	4,948.74	
Garden	1,690.80	
Girls' Camp No. 1\$ 981.19		
Girls' Camp No. 2 1,357.32—	2,338.51	
Improvements and Repairs	7,100.91	
Infirmary	3,083.40	
Insurance	261.99	
Labor	24,641.08	
Land	3,320.00	
Laundry	15,518.50	
Liberty Loan Bonds	2,310.45	
Live Stock	124.74	
Movies	122.32	
Music	5,880.34	
Pergola No. 1 \$514.39		
Pergola No. 2 605.57—	1,121.96	
Piano Rentals	201.57	
Poultry Farm	521.02	
Provisions	103,160.31	
Salaries	7,713.23	
State Normal School	12.39	
Sundries	4,042.10	
Supplies	420.29	
Swimming Pool	2,632.75	
Traveling Expenses	75.06	
Water and Lights	2,205,27	
Water Works	7,217.27	
Well No. 2	121.20	
Well No. 4		249,891.16
Cash on hand May 1, 1918		20,633.70

GRAND TOTAL\_\_\_\_\_

\$270,524.86

#### TREASURER'S REPORT.

Natchitoches, La., May 1st, 1918.

Report of Treasurer of Louisiana State Normal School, of receipts and disbursements from May 1st, 1916, to May 1st, 1918.

#### RECEIPTS

RECEIPTS		
Cash on hand May 1, 1916		\$ 3,359.32
Departments Maintained by Student Fees:		
Agriculture	\$ 663.05	
Athletics	2,126.30	
Band	66.00	
Biology	312.00	
Chemistry	1,225.69	
Domestic Art	320.65	
Domestic Science	578.80	
Gateway Fund	523.70	
Library	1,416.00	
Lyceum	2,362.60	
Manual Training	395.95	
Movies	561.61	
Music	655.65	
Physics	489.00-	11,697.00
Departments Maintained by General Fund	l <b>:</b>	
Bills Payable	11,200.00	
Bills Receivable	2,795.73	
Care of Grounds	164.25	
City of Natchitoches	41.25	
Contingent	43.55	
Diplomas Renewed	15.10	
Freight Refund	.82	
Fuel and Oil	419.40	
Furniture and Equipment	18.00	
Improvements and Repairs	198.10	
Incidentals	11,744.00	
Interest and Discount	442459	
Labor	6.00	
Maintenance	143,750.00	
Model School Fees	2.00	
Palmer & Co	800.00	
Parish of Natchitoches	600.00	
School Supplies	19.05	
Special Examination	10.00	
Special Tuition	116.00	
Smith-Hughes Fund	900.00	
State Fair	16.28	
Traveling Expenses	35.52	
War Work Department	28.00	
Water and Lights	54.00	
Water Works		178,619.64
GRAND TOTAL	•	\$193,675.96
		4-50,0.00

DISBURSEMENTS				
Departments Maintained by Student Fees	:			
Agriculture	\$ 585.43			
Athletics	2,628.09			
Band	108.54			
Biology	128.33			
Chemistry	1,659.50			
Domestic Art	171.69			
Domestic Science	781.24			
Library	1,907.90			
Lyceum	2,449.06			
Manual Training	602.59			
Movies	684.81			
Music	655.65			
Physics	318.20— 12,681.03			
Departments Maintained by General Fun	d:			
Bills Payable	11,200.00			
Care of Grounds	2,614.94			
Coal Bin	434.52			
Commencement Lectures	437.00			
Contingent	1,153.24			
Farm	5.50			
Freight and Express	404.33			
Fuel and Oil	11,678.49			
Furniture and Equipment	1,798.88			
Improvements and Repairs	3,437.85			
Incidentals	22.00			
Insurance	1,235.62			
Interest and Discount	70.12			
Labor	5,888.40			
Machinery	355.37			
Model School Fees	3.00			
Per Diem and Mileage	12.31			
Pergola No. 1	542.64			
Salaries	129,015.98			
School Supplies	2,222.80			
Stationery, Printing and Postage	2,243.10			
State Fair	16.28			
Traveling Expenses	549.94			
War Work Department	79.80			
Water and Lights				
Water Works	2,795.73— 180,516.48			
Cash on hand May 1st, 1918	478.45			
GRAND TOTAL				
CADA				

SARA J. HEARD, Treasurer.





1918-20 LYBL B

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# EIGHTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

# LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA





# NORMAL QUARTERLY

OF THE

# LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

Published by the Louisiana State Normal School, Natchitoches, Louisiana. Issued Quarterly, in January, April, July and October.

Entered as Second-class Mail Matter at the Post Office at Natchitoches, La., under Act of July 16, 1904.

Vol. IX.

JULY, 1920.

No. 3.

COMPLIMENTS OF

V. L. ROY, PRESIDENT

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

NATCHITOCHES, LA.

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NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA



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# EIGHTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

# LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

# BOARD OF ADMINISTRATORS

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Hon. T. H. HarrisState Superintendent of Public Education  Baton Rouge
V. L. Roy
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Term expires 1924
Hon. T. L. WeaverResident Administrator Term expires 1920
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EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
Hon. J. C. FosterChairman  Hon. T. L. WeaverResident Administrator  V. L. RoyPresident

# FACULTY

# Session 1919-1920

#### NORMAL DEPARTMENT

V. L. Roy, B. S	President
A. G. Alexander, A. B.,	English, Public Speaking
L. J. Alleman, A. B.	Director of Extension
Miss Berta Cole	Penmanship
H. C. Cooley, Ph. D.,	Education, Philosophy
Mrs. R. B. Courtright	Public School Music
R. A. Cummins, Ph. D	
Miss Mildred Currier, A. M	Physical Training
*John Dominique	Penmanship
Miss Martha Feltus, A. M	
F. G. Fournet, M. S.	Physics
A. A. Fredericks, B. S.	Rural Education
Miss Ina Gerritt	Domestic Art
J. E. Guardia	Manual Training
William Hanssler, A. B	
Miss Hope Haupt	
J. W. Hopkins, A. M.	
Miss Ruth Koger, A. B.	
Miss Roberta Newell, A. M	
H. L. Prather, LL. B.	Head Phys. Education
S. G. Riley, A. M.	
L. F. Snow, Ph. D	
W. W. Tison, A. B.	
Miss D. E. Varnado, B. S	
Miss Ruth Wallerstein, Ph. D	
Miss Margaret Weeks	
George Williamson	
R. W. Winstead, A. B.	
R. B. Courtright	
Miss Una Allen, Mus. B	
Miss Florence Greenamyer	Voice
TRAINING S	SCHOOL
J. D. Bartlow, A. M.	Principal
Miss A. E. Gaulden	Mathematics
Miss Mildred Kelly, A. B	
Miss Kate Perkins, A. B	
Miss Augusta Nelken	
Miss Edna Levy	
*Deceased December 29, 1919.	

Miss Grace Bordelon, A. BFifth	Grade
Mrs. Orra WilliamsonFourth	Grade
Miss Alice Lund, A. MThird	Grade
Miss Bertha Haupt, A. BSecond	Grade
Miss Elizabeth Teegarten Primary	Grade

#### 1919 SUMMER SCHOOL

Brame, S. M., Principal Bolton High School, Director. Bartlow, J. D., Principal Sulphur High School. Brasher, Miss Mabel, Alexandria, La. Bright, R. E., Principal Oakdale High School. Doughty, D. M., Principal Harrisonburg High School. Dupuis, V. L., Principal Ville Platte High School. Farrar, Joe, Lillie, La. Graham, Miss Margaret, Alexandria, La. Heard, Miss Courtney, Mansura, La. McMullen, Miss Hettie, Pelican, La. Norman, W. T., Principal Georgetown High School. Perrault, W. C., Principal Opelousas High School. Robertson, M. S., Principal Ashland High School. Stayer, F. A., Principal, Napoleonville High School. Tubre, Beaumont, Principal Columbia High School. Young, C. H., Principal Minden High School.

#### SPECIAL LECTURERS, SUMMER, 1919.

Dr. C. T. Gray, University of Texas. Dr. A. L. Hall-Quest, University of Cincinnati. Dr. Chas. A. McMurry, Peabody College.

## EIGHTEENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

# LOUISIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

To His Excellency John M. Parker, Governor, and the General Assembly of Louisiana:

The Eighteenth Biennial Report of the Louisiana State Normal School, covering the period from May 1, 1918, to May 1, 1920, is herewith respectfully submitted for your consideration.

### GENERAL STATEMENT

The State Normal School was established by an act of the General Assembly of 1884, and was located at Natchitoches by the State Board of Education during the latter part of the same year. The first session began November 2, 1885. The thirty-fifth annual session closes May 31, 1920.

Below will be found general and statistical information as to faculty, attendance, number of graduates, land, buildings, laboratories, general equipment, improvements, inventory of property, and finances of the school and normal boarding club.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MAINTENANCE

The State Normal School ought to be operated on an efficient basis. Inefficiency, whether in education or productive industry, is wasteful. The State Normal School cannot be maintained and operated efficiently, in the various departments essential to a modern teacher-training school, on its present revenues. This is proven by a brief consideration of the per capita cost of maintenance in this school as compared with other standard normal schools of the country.

Computed on the basis of students in teacher-training

courses, the average per capita maintenance cost in such normal schools as those of

San Marcos, Texas Los Augeles, California Kirksville, Missouri Tempe, Arizona Terre Haute, Indiana De Kalb, Illinois Normal, Illinois Richmond, Kentucky Milledgeville, Georgia Kalamazoo, Michigan

was for the year 1916, \$118.90, while such cost at the Louisiana State Normal School was \$59.97. In other words, efficient rormal schools such as those listed above receive a per capita support which is almost exactly twice what the Louisiana State Normal School receives. (Computed from last available report of U. S. Bureau of Education.)

During the last four years the H. C. L. has affected the schools as well as other lines of human endeavor. In all the schools of the country, from the kindergarten to the university, the cost of education has risen. Yet, the per capita cost of maintenance of the schools listed above for the year 1916 is 29% greater than that of the State Normal School for the year 1919-1920.

A low per capita cost means that proper outlays are not made for the necessary functions of education; it means that instructors are underpaid, making for inefficiency; it means inadequate library and laboratory facilities; it means a deteriorating plant due to lack of needed repairs.

The report prepared last January and submitted to the Board of State Affairs carried an estimate of necessary appropriations for maintenance of \$120,000.00 for each year of the next biennial period, and of an equal amount for buildings and improvements. The former estimate was made to conform with the terms of the Constitutional Amendment adopted in November, 1918, by which not less than one-third of a mill of the State tax is set aside for the maintenance of the State institutions of learning; and the latter on an expectation that at least an equal amount would be appropriated for improvements.

Since January, it has become not only clear but certain that the appropriation asked for salaries and certain other items would not meet the exigencies of the present educational situation and that a substantially higher revevnue will be required to operate the State Normal School on a basis of

32,000.00

30,000.00

27,500.00

18,000.00 17,500.00 15,000.00 15,000.00

efficiencey. Accordingly the estimate given below has been increased substantially but conservatively in the item of salaries, labor and fuel.

Likewise, it has been deemed proper to submit herewith a different estimate for buildings and improvements. Instead of recommending a small appropriation for two buildings and other indispensable improvements, a complete estimate is submitted—one which would give the State Normal School all the buildings and improvements which are required to make it one of the leading normal schools of the country.

# ESTIMATED NECESSARY EXPENSES

#### Maintenance

	1920-1921	1921-1922
Salaries, professors and officers	\$102,500.00	\$106,250.00
Labor, engineers, fireman, janitors, etc	_ 10,000.00	10,000.00
Fuel and oil		8,250.00
Library, maintenance, books, magazines		4,000.00
Care of grounds		1,800.00
School supplies		2,000.00
Stationery, printing and postage	_ 1,600.00	1,600.00
Water and lights	1,350.00	1,350.00
Furniture and equipment (general)	800.00	800.00
Freight and express		600.00
Traveling expenses	1,200.00	1,200.00
Commencements (four)	500.00	500.00
Science apparatus		1,000.00
Insurance		1,500.00
Incidentals (interest, per diem, mileage)	1,000.00	1,000.00
Repairs		4,000.00
Contingent		2,500.00
9		
Total	_\$147,600.00	\$148,350.00
Buildings and Improvements:		
Administration building		\$ 250,000.00
Women's dormitories (4)		
Science hall		
Men's dormitory		75,000.00
Women's gymnasium		75,000.00
Men's gymnasium		/0,000.00

Infirmary \_\_\_\_\_

Social building\_\_\_\_\_

Stock barnSchool furniture	12,500.00 10,000.00
Cold storage plant	9,000.00
President's residence	8,000.00 6,000.00
Fire apparatus Grading campus	5,500.00 5,000.00
Fire escapesLibrary fixtures and furniture	5,000.00 3,700.00
Well machinery Gymnasium equipment	3,200.00 4,000.00
Social room, furniture and equipment	1,000.00

\$1,192,900.00

#### EXPLANATION OF ESTIMATE FOR SUPPORT

FACULTY. The teachers of the Normal School and its employees generally are underpaid. Compare the average salary of instructors at the State Normal School with those of other good normal schools in the country. Here are some figures taken from a study made in February, 1920, by President Kirk of the Kirksville Normal School of Missouri:

Terre Haute, Ind\$	32,310	DeKalb, Ill.	2,043
Cedar Falls, Iowa	2,309	Greeley, Col	2,008
Kalamazoo, Mich	2,167	Pittsburg, Kan	1,978
San Marco, Texas	2,167	Normal, Ill.	1,971
Kirksville, Mo	2,074	Natchitoches, La.	1,800

To assume that the State Normal School of Louisiana can, by some hocus-pocus, be operated as efficiently as the normal schools of other states at a-salary cost which is from 11 per cent to 28 per cent lower than theirs, is folly.

During the last year eleven teachers resigned from the State Normal School faculty whose services would not have been lost had their salaries averaged up to those paid in the better normal schools of the country. Several other members of the faculty have signified their intention of seeking employment elsewhere unless they can reasonably expect to be paid enough to maintain themselves and their families in the manner in which men and women in their positions are expected to do and should do.

LABORATORIES. There is no feature of modern educational practice more significant than the use of the laboratory method in teaching the sciences. In fact, no better criterion can be found by which to gauge the efficiency of a modern school than its laboratories and laboratory equipment and its library. The laboratories of the State Normal School are inadequate in every respect: in floor space, in furniture, in apparatus and instruments, in supplies and general equipment. They are a reproach to the State and a reflection on the business methods of its government and on the excellent educational spirit of its people. The citizens of Louisiana do not desire that the present shameful conditions of the laboratories at the Normal School should longer continue.

LIBRARY. This important part of the equipment of the Normal School now occupies two rooms in the Main Building, which are lamentably inadequate to the needs of the student body. In all good schools and colleges of the land, the library building and its well-stocked shelves are pointed to with pride. Here we are ashamed to take visitors to our poor library rooms, with their meagre supply of books. Until such time as the State is able to erect a separate library building, properly equipped and with the required number of volumes, provision should be made by way of adequate space and equipment in a new administration building.

REPAIRS. The State Normal School has never in its history had an adequate fund for repairs. Steadily the plant is deteriorating because of the financial inability of its management to meet even the most pressing needs for repairs. Its frame buildings, for instance, have not been painted in eleven years. The gutters, cornices, porches, steps, walks, outbuildings, fences, and drainage system are all in need of immediate attention. Not less than 2 per cent of the inventory value of the plant should be provided annually for repairs, and this surely is a moderate estimate.

#### EXPLANATION OF ESTIMATE FOR IMPROVEMENTS

The buildings and improvements listed above should be included in a constructive building program covering six or eight years. Such a program would in the end be more economical to the State than the present haphazard scheme, by which the school develops piecemeal and only such buildings are erected as can be wrung out of an overburdened State treasury. But such a policy for the upbuilding of the physical plant of the school calls for an adequate and dependable revenue, not one which must be determined by the varying needs of other departments of the State. Such a revenue would be provided by the plan submitted on page 11.

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING. Such a building is needed to provide appropriate accommodation for the following: President's offices; offices of treasurer, registrar, and director of extension; faculty room; directors' room for Board of Administrators; halls for literary societies; library, reading rooms, and store rooms for books; large auditorium; book store and post office. Such a building would relieve the crowded condition of the present academic buildings, and would make for efficiency by concentrating into one building all offices of administration.

SCIENCE HALL. Viewed from the standpoint of efficiency in scholastic work, there is no need so immediate or so great as a new building for the different scientific departments of the school. The old frame structure now used for science instruction was erected 24 years ago and was never intended to be used as a science hall. Hence it fails utterly to meet the needs of a modern school. Its class rooms are ill adapted to the uses to which they are put; it contains none of the provisions now invariably made for science instruction; the rooms occupied by the laboratories were intended originally to be used as elementary class rooms and are utterly unsuited for use as laboratories. By way of indicating the insufficiency and inadequacy of the old

building now used for science instruction, I may state that the laboratory work of all classes in chemistry is done in an ill adapted and poorly equipped room measuring in floor space 26x32 feet. The new science hall should provide commodious class rooms for the different sciences and the following laboratories: chemical, physical, botanical, zoological, bacteriological, agricultural, psychological, and domestic science and art.

DORMITORIES FOR WOMEN. Eight buildings are now used as dormitories for women. Of these two are built of reenforced concrete and are sanitary and commodious; the others are dingy frame structures erected in the 80's and 90's, or cheap summer shacks built in recent years. The young women of Louisiana who attend the Normal School are justly entitled to be housed in other than frame buildings which are veritable tinder boxes.

MEN'S DORMITORY. Adequate or proper provision has never been made for the accommodation of the boys at the Normal. Housed in an ugly old frame building more than thirty years old, without the comforts and conveniences that college boys are entitled to, their just claims have been systematically and continuously ignored. As a direct consequence, the number of boys in the school has never been as large as it would have been had proper accommodations been given them.

GYMNASIUMS. All the gymnastic work of Normal girls is given in one room in Boyd Hall, provided with practically no gymnastic apparatus. The boys have not even so much. The girls have the benefit of a swimming pool; the boys have none. The two war drafts revealed the lamentable need of proper physical training among our people. Such training is impossible without appropriate buildings and proper equipment.

SOCIAL BUILDING. In large institutions of learning it is imperative that the social virtues be fostered and developed, for man is essentially a social and not merely a physical and intellectual being. There must be appropriate places for social intercourse under proper supervision—places where friends and relatives may call on students; where sociables may be held; where school functions of a social nature such as receptions may be given; and where such religious organizations as the Young Women's Christian Association and the Apostleship of Prayer may convene. These needs have created an urgent demand for a social building.

INFIRMARY. The girls' infirmary is now domiciled in the rear portion of one of the women's dormitories; no facilities exist for the care of sick boys. Provision should be made for a separate building for the sick, where danger of contagion and infection would be reduced to a minimum; and in which would be found general wards, isolation wards, quarters for the nurse, a nurse's office, a supply room, an operating room, and the necessary bath and sanitary conveniences.

DRIVEWAYS. Public institutions should offer interested citizens favorable conditions under which to visit and inspect them. The Jefferson Highway runs along the northern boundary line of the Normal School property. When completed it will be used by thousands of tourists from Louisiana and other states; and it will be a serious re-

flection on the progressiveness of the State if visitors cannot view the school because of lack of driveways or of muddy or rutty dirt roads.

POWER HOUSE EQUIPMENT. With the erection of new buildings, added boiler capacity and machinery will be required to meet the needs of the school. Another 125 h. p. boiler will have to be installed; a 150 k. w. generator added; a larger high-voltage dynamo put in than the one now in use; the pump capacity of the heating system increased; and new steam and electric lines run to the several buildings.

OTHER BUILDINGS. Probably no detailed explanation of the other portions of the building program proposed is needed here. However, it may be said that adequate laboratories are a pressing and vital need of the school; that an assembly pavilion is imperatively required for school assembly during the summer quarter, for addresses, lectures and entertainments given to the student body when indoor assemblies are impossible on account of heat; that a stock barn is required for work and dairy stock and storage of hay and other feeds; that a cold storage plant would greatly facilitate the boarding of the hundreds of students in the club and effect a substantial saving in many ways, such as the storage of eggs, meats and other food products; that the present residence of the president is an antiquated and undignified house, added to and patched up during a half century; and that a home economics cottage is needed for the development of that department and to give the girls of the school practical instruction in home-making and management.

# RECOMMENDATION OF SPECIAL STATE TAX

If public education is indeed an important and fundamental function of the State, the training of teachers for the public schools is doubly important and fundamental. In fact it may be asserted without possibility of refutation that no educational function of the State is so important and vital to the welfare of the community as the training of teachers. Without the trained teacher, economical and efficient public education is impossible in any State system of schools; the untrained teacher is a source of waste and inefficiency.

Adequate provision for the training of teachers is, then, a paramount responsibility and duty of the State. The system followed in the past, under which small and uncertain appropriations have been made biennially out of the general alimony of the State is unworthy of the importance and dignity of teacher-training.

For these reasons, all too briefly stated, I recommend that the General Assembly for 1920 submit for adoption by the voters of Louisiana at the Congressional election next November, an amendment to the Constitution of Louisiana providing a special State tax of one-quarter of a mill on the present assessed valuation of property as a permanent alimony to the State Normal School.

Such a tax would enable the governing authorities of the State Normal School to operate and maintain the institution efficiently in all its departments and to adopt and execute a broad and systematic policy for the erection of buildings, for general equipment and repairs and

for needed expansion and growth.

# **ATTENDANCE 1918-1920**

# NORMAL DEPARTMENT

		1918-'19	1919-'20
Summer Quarter		751	792
Fall Quarter		425	415
Winter Quarter		325	364
Spring Quarter		311	326
a			
Net Enrollment: Men 73-108	3		
Women 965-977	7	1,038	1,085
Correspondence Students		49	49
Total Normal Department			1,134
TRAINING DE	EPARTMENT	!	ŕ
Summer Quarter		200	307
Fall Quarter		416	497
Winter Quarter		402	525
Spring Quarter		426	528
Net Enrollment: Boys 261-241	ı		
Girls 350—353		611	594
ATTENDANCE IN A	LL DEPART	MENTS	
Normal Department		1,038	1,085
Correspondence School		49	49
High School		197	217
Practice School		414	377
Net Total		1,698	1,728
ENROLLMENT BY YEAR	RS FROM 18	385 to 1920.	
	Normal Dept	Practice School	Total
1885-1886	27	32	59
1886-1887	34	45	79
1887-1888	44	104	148
1888-1889	44	110	154
1890-1891	138	120	258
1891-1892	163	107	270
1892-1893	180	113	293

1000 1004	197	107	9.04
1893-1894		107	304
1894-1895	232	124	359
1895-1896	258	104	362
1896-1897	284	139	423
1897-1898	317	124	441
1898-1899	343	116	455
1899-1900	364	123	487
1900-1901	359	252	606
1901-1902	396	282	665
1902-1903	493	319	795
1903-1904	482	322	804
1904-1905	603	301	904
1905-1906	600	295	895
1906-1907	505	259	764
1907-1908	495	276	771
1908-1909	727	272	985
1909-1910	1,362	315	1,667
1910-1911	1,525	344	1,863
1911-1912	1,514	419	1,901
1912-1913	1,340	372	1,712
1913-1914	1,327	376	1,703
1914-1915	1,360	408	1,768
1915-1916	1,500	447	1,917
1916-1917	1,641	490	2,107
1917-1918	1,448	489	1,920
1918-1919	1,087	611	1,649
1919-1920	1,134	594	1,728

# NUMBER OF GRADUATES BY YEARS

1885-1886	3	1903-1904	92
1886-1887	11	1904-1905	102
1887-1888	12	1905-1906	88
1888-1889	11	1906-1907	38
1889-1890	8	1907-1908	58
1890-1891	18	1908-1909	88
1891-1892	26	1909-1910	143
1892-1893	15	1910-1911	147
1893-1894	29	1911-1912	212
1894-1895	34	1912-1913	183
1895-1896	19	1913-1914	189
1896-1897	<b>3</b> 0	1914-1915	246
1897-1898	49	1915-1916	217
1898-1899	61	1916-1917	244

1899-1900	48	1917-1918 260
1900-1901	58	1918-1919 183
1901-1902	57	1919-1920 163
1902-1903	53	
Total number of gradua	ates	3,192
Number graduated 1911 to 19	920 .	
Per cent graduated 1911 to	1920	59%

# **EXPENSES**

#### FEES

Students pursuing regular courses leading to graduation receive free tuition. Special students are required to pay a term tuition fee of \$12.00. The regular fees per quarter or term are as follows:

Incidental fee	\$2.00
Athletic and lyceum fee	1.00
Library fee	50

Total ----- \$3.50

The athletic and lyceum fee is not charged during the summer quarter.

The laboratory and industrial fees range from \$1.00 to \$2.50 per term, according to cost of material used by the students in the different subjects.

#### BOARDING CLUB EXPENSES

Board, lodging, laundry and infirmary fees are not paid by the state. Each student bears his own living expenses. In the Normal Boarding Club the cost per quarter is as follows:

Board and lodging, twelve weeks	\$52.50
Laundry, twelve weeks	7.50
Infirmary fee, per term	1.00

Total		\$61.00
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For the ten weeks of the summer term, the total is reduced to \$51.00.

New students boarding in the club must pay the total cost of one quarter in advance. Other students pay monthly in advance.

#### COST OF BOOKS.

All text books used at the Normal School are on sale at publishers' list prices at the Normal bookstore. The books may be purchased or

rented. If rented, a deposit covering the full price of the books must be made with the clerk. When the books are returned at the end of the quarter, 75 per cent of the deposit is refunded. When, for any reason, a text book is to be changed, the privilege of renting such book is withdrawn. The rental plan saves annually to the students about \$4,800.00.

#### THE ANNUAL SESSION

The school year consists of four quarters, and begins with the summer quarter. Each quarter has sixty school days, and the annual session has two hundred and forty days. There are twelve weeks to each quarter, excepting the summer quarter. During the summer, school is taught six days per week, and the term runs ten weeks. The several quarters open approximately as follows: June 1, September 10, December 1, and March 1.

### ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS

Prior to the opening of the summer quarter of 1911, the requirement for admission to the State Normal School was equivalent approximately to the completion of the seventh grade of the public schools. At that time the course was advanced a half year. In June, 1912, the standard of admission was raised another half year, bringing the entrance requirement up to the completion of the first high school year. In December, 1913, another advance of a half year was made. On June 1, 1914, the standard of admission was further raised by a half year, bringing it up to the completion of the second high school year.

During the session of 1917-1918, the two lowest terms of the Normal course were dropped, and the entrance requirement raised to the completion of the third high school year. During the session 1918-1919 all courses in the Normal Department that are of secondary school grade were dropped, and full high school graduation with 16 units is now required for entrance.

The Practice School now has the full eleven grades. This school is maintained jointly by the Normal School and the Natchitoches Parish School Board.

### THE COURSE OF STUDY

The four-year Normal professional course is divided into two parts of two years each. Completion of the first two years entitles the student to the Normal diploma, which is a state license to teach in any of the public schools of Louisiana. The remaining two years of the course consist of advanced subjects, leading to the degree of bachelor of arts.

This permits teachers who aspire to qualify as high school teachers to earn the credits necessary to meet the requirements imposed by the State Board of Education.

At the opening of the spring quarter, 1918, the course of study was placed on a unit basis with required and elective subjects. In the two-year course, which begins at the point of high school graduation, 16 subjects or unit courses are prescribed and 8 are elective. In the four-year course, 24 unit subjects are prescribed and 24 are elective.

The new course of study, providing as it does for elective subjects in both the two-year and the four-year courses, allows ample specialization. The particular fields of education for which specialization is recommended are as follows:

The primary grades.
The intermediate grades.
The grammar grades.
Music and art.
Manual training.
Rural schools.
Domestic science and art.

In the four-year course specialization is suggested along the following lines of secondary school work:

Physical sciences and mathematics. Biological sciences and mathematics. English and history.

Latin or French and social science. Home economics.

Manual training and mathematics.

The number of unit courses (five hours per week for twelve weeks) now offered by the State Normal School in subjects of collegiate grade is as follows:

Agriculture	6
Education	24
English	16
Fine Arts	6
French	13
Home Economics	10
Latin	7
Manual Training	8
Mathematics	10
Natural Science	9
Physical Science	9

Public School Music	14
Total	144
Other special courses offered are as follows:	
Library	2
Penmanship	3
Physical Education	17
Total	22

#### DEGREE

By virtue of Act 173 of the General Assembly of Louisiana for the year 1918, the Board of Administrators of the State Normal School at its annual meeting in May, 1919, authorized the establishment of a four-year course leading to the bachelor's degree. This finally determines the scope of scholastic training in which the Normal course is hereafter to be found; and it definitely takes the State Normal School out of the field of secondary (high school) education. The Normal School now has an enrollment of about one hundred students in the third and fourth years of the professional course, who are working towards their degree.

# BUILDINGS AND LAND

Following is a brief description of the buildings and other permanent improvements which make up the physical plant of the State Normal School. Elsewhere will be found an inventory of the value of all property belonging to the school:

MAIN ACADEMIC BUILDING. This building was erected in 1906, at a cost of \$119,000. It contains thirty-four class rooms, the offices of administration, 3,000 square feet of floor space for the library, five rooms for the School of Music, cloak and store rooms, and a handsome auditorium, having a seating capacity of 750. In the basement are extensive toilets, the machinery for a hot-air heating system and for a cool-air ventilating system, and class and store rooms for the manual training department.

PRACTICE SCHOOL BUILDING. This is a three-story brick building measuring 95 by 156 feet. It was completed April 1, 1913, and has been used since then by the practice school. The cost of the building is \$65,000, of which amount \$50,000 was paid for by a bond issue voted in the First Ward of Natchitoches Parish on February 8, 1912.

BOYD HALL. This is a large frame building erected in 1895, under the administration of Col. Thos. D. Boyd. During the summer of 1912 the building was moved to a position near the power house and parallel to the main building, the change having been made to afford a proper location for the new model school building.

Boyd Hall is now used exclusively for academic purposes. On the first floor are found the domestic science department, the chmistry classroom and laboratory, classrooms for the department of rural training, and several offices. The second floor contains a large auditorium, now used as a gymnasium, and the biological classroom and laboratory. On the third floor are found the physics classroom and laboratory.

DINING HALL. This is a two-story concrete structure at the western extremity of the dormitory court. It was erected during 1911. The main dining room has accommodation for 1,000 students. The kitchen, thoroughly equipped, is fireproof. The fireproof pantries, a work room for the preparation of food, two offices for the matron, a chafing dish room, a linen room, and a reception room complete the first floor. The second story contains sixteen bedrooms for thirty young lady students, with bathroom and sanitary accommodations. The dean's quarters are on the second floor. Two concrete walks lead from the academic court to the dining hall.

CONCRETE DORMITORIES. Two reinforced concrete dormitories form the south boundary of the new dormitory court. They are designated as A and B buildings. The latter was erected in 1910 at a cost of \$30,000. It contains 48 bedrooms, each accommodating two students. Each room has a stationary washstand and individual closets. "A" building was erected in 1913 at a cost of \$38,000. It contains 58 dormitory rooms. In structure and design the two buildings are similar. Each dormitory is equipped with shower baths, ample sanitary toilets, rooms for ironing, having several electric irons, and trunk rooms. Both buildings are lighted by electricity and heated by steam. Concrete pavements lead from the dormitories westward to the dining hall, and eastward to the academic court.

OTHER DORMITORIES. The school also uses as dormitories the following: East Hall and West Hall, commodious old frame buildings, erected twenty-five years ago; the old model school building, in which the infirmary is located; the men's dormitory, formerly the old dining hall, which was moved to a remote part of the grounds; and three summer "shacks" used as dormitories during the summer term. The total dormitory capacity of these frame buildings is 450.

CONCRETE LAUNDRY. This is a one-story, fireproof, concrete building. Its capacity is, at present, 800 students. All irons are heated by electricity. Steam drying is employed.

NEW DAIRY BARN. This handsome modern concrete building was erected at the expense and for the use of the Normal Club. It is fire-proof in every respect, has fifty stalls, and is so constructed as to make possible the application of the most approved sanitary measures. The barn floor is of concrete, with stalls, gutters, troughs, etc., so arranged as to permit the use of water hose for cleaning purposes. The stalls are the James Improved Sanitary, and the barn is equipped with an overhead litter carrier. The silo is of 150 tons capacity. The milk room is on the first floor.

THE CONCRETE POWER HOUSE. This building was erected in 1913 at a cost of \$4,000. It has a floor area 40x50 feet, with a flat roof 21 feet above the floor. It is of reinforced concrete and has extensive glass windows at each end. The power house supplies electricity for lighting all academic buildings, dormitories and dwellings, for operating electric fans during the summer quarter, and for heating the electric irons in the laundry; and steam for operating the hot-air system in the main building and heating the other school buildings and dormitories.

OTHER BUILDINGS. The President's Cottage is a two-story frame dwelling, standing west of the Second street entrance. South of the ladies' dormitories are four cottages, occupied by employees

of the school. The stock barn is a frame structure, 50x90 feet, with stall space for fifty head of cattle and twelve horses and mules; it contains besides a carriage room, grain bins, and a hay loft of ample capacity. To the rear of the stock barn stands the wagon and implement shed, erected in 1913; it is 20x100 feet. A lumber shed, a hay barn for dairy cows, a calf barn, a poultry house, a brooder house, two coal bins, a canning house, a slaughter pen, a feed shed, a shed for wagonetes and teams, a large store room, and a workman's cabin, complete the present equipment of buildings.

WATER WORKS. In 1914 a water works system was installed at a cost of \$8,000, consisting of a deep well equipped with pump, pumphead and a ten-horsepower motor, and 6,500 feet of 6-inch water main connecting the well and the 30,000-gallon water tank on the main campus. In the early part of 1916, a second well with pumping equipment was added, the old swimming pool was converted into a water reservoir with a capacity of 80,000 gallons, and a fire pump was installed having a capacity of 5,000 gallons per minute. Other wells have been bored as follows: one in the fall of 1916, one in the summer of 1917, and another in the fall of 1918.

SWIMMING POOL. For the use of the young women of the school, the new concrete swimming pool was built in 1916. Its dimensions are 30 by 100 feet, and the depth varies from 4 to 8 feet. While in use during the summer months, a constant flow of water pours into the pool from a salt water well. The pool is suitably enclosed and is equipped with fifteen fresh water showers.

THE PERGOLA. This is a covered walk 50 feet long, extending from the vicinity of the Academic Court to the Dining Hall. The columns are of concrete. They carry the steam line to the three dormitories

THE INFIRMARY. This building occupies the rear part of the model school building. It is in charge of a graduate nurse, who is in constant attendance upon the sick or indisposed.

LIGHT AND HEAT. All dormitories, including the dining hall and two of the academic buildings, are heated by steam, the Warren-Webster system being used. The main acedemic building is heated by a plenum and exhaust system.

LAND. Besides the original tract purchased by the town and parish of Natchitoches for the use of the Normal School, additional land has recently been purchased, including 62.83 acres bought in 1914 to control the water shed in the vicinity of the new well. The school now owns 410 acres of land. The campus occupies about twenty-five acres; the athletic grounds, eight acres; the garden, ten acres; the fields, seventy acres; the pecan grove, twenty-five acres; and the remainder is in open and wood pasture.

# INVENTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOL PROPERTY

# April 15th, 1920

#### BUILDINGS

Main Academic	\$95,000.00
Boyd Hall	14,000.00
Dining Hall	31,750.00
"A"	35,250.00
"B"	26,500.00
"M"	8,500.00
East Hall	8,500.00
West Hall	8,500.00
Men's Dormitory	4,500.00
Laundry	2,750.00
President's Cottage	2,500.00
Dairy Barn	9,500.00
Powerhouse and Coalbin	7,500.00
Five Dwellings	3,000.00
Two Frame Barns	2,250.00
Four Sheds	1,000.00
Two Girls, Summer Dormitories	2,400.00
One Boys' Summer Dormitory	1,800.00—\$265,200.00

## EQUIPMENT

School Furniture	\$13,200.00
School Apparatus and Equipment	14,250.00
Library Furniture and Equipment	1,200.00
Library Books	9.090.00
Pictures and Statuary	500.00
Twenty-one Pianos	5,100.00
Dining Hall Equipment and Supplies	12,282.00
Dormitory Furniture	12,200.00
Milk Room Equipment and Dairy Supplies	1,100.00
Gas Machine Plant	350.00
Laundry Equipment	3,100.00
Swimming Pool	3,000.00
Water Works	14,500.00
Fire Department	2,100.00
Power House Machinery	21,000.00
Steam Lines	6,000.00
Electric Lines	2,000.00
Farm Machinery	750.00

Well Drilling Machinery Other Machinery	1,400.00 1,500.00—\$124,622.00
LIVE STOCK	
Dairy Stock, 55 Jersey Cows\$6,170	
19 heifers 1,850	
16 Calves 725	
2 Bulls 775	\$ 9,520.00
Beef Cattle, 17 head	1,105.00
Hogs, 100 head	2,225.00
Farm Work Stock, 4 head	1,100.00
Poultry, 1,231 head	997.00—\$ 14,947.00
SUNDRIES	
410.23 Acres of Land	\$30,750.00
Pergola	1,800.00
Walks	4,500.00
Fences	4,100.00
Wagons and Harness	200.00
Farm and Garden Implements	300.00
School Implements	500.00
Canning Plant	200.00
Sterilizing Plant	100.00
Home Economics Cottage, contents	300.00
Poultry Farm	1,200.00
Infirmary Equipment	350.00
Republic Truck	900.00
Dining Room Coal Bin and Coop	250.00
Bookstore	6,000.00
Grandstand	\$ 600.00—\$ 52,050.00
Grand Total	\$456,819.00

# TREASURER'S BIENNIAL REPORT

General School Fund, May 1, 1918, to March 31, 1920.

#### RECEIPTS

Cash on hand May 1, 1918		\$ 478.45		
Departments Maintained by Student Fees:				
Agriculture	\$ 298,27			
Athletics	1,802.96			
Bacteriology	49.00			
Biology	24.00			
Chemistry	1,138.81			
Domestic Art	218.08			
Domestic Science	511.71			
Gateway Fund	510.74			
Library	1,974.88			
Lyceum	1,329.02			
Manual Training	236.98			
Physics	279.00			
Zoology	19.00-	-\$ 8,392.45		
Departments Maintained by General Fund:				
Bills Payable	6,000.00			
Bills Receivable	1,000.00			
Contingent	916.79			
Improvements and Repairs	21,047.01			
Incidentals	7,738.53			
Instructors' Fees (Cor. courses)	189.00			
Insurance	250.00			
Interest	302.15			
I. S. H. Fund	4,300.00			
Maintenance	160,416.66			
Refunds, sundry items	141.10			
Social Room	150.77			
Sundries	298.46			
Supplies	145.38			
Special Tuition	35.00			
Traveling Expenses	28.43			
Vocational Education	2,788.49-	-\$205,747.77		
Grand Total	_	\$214,618.67		

#### DISBURSEMENTS

Departments	maintained	by	Student	Fees:
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Agriculture\$	142.51
Athletics	1,786.25
Biology	12,6.59
Chemistry	1,483.35
Demestic Art	214.26
Domestic Science	1,197.15
Gateway Fund	997.30
Library	3,715.29
Lyceum	1,146.07
Manual Training	100.38
Physics	261.12-\$ 11,170.27

# Departments maintained by General Fund:

Bills Payable	6,000.00
Bills Receivable	1,000.00
Care of Grounds	2,020.74
Coal Bin	268.84
Commencement Addresses	573.65
Contingent	1,820.21
Freight and Express	1,021.28
Fuel and Oil	12,975.35
Furniture and Equipment	776.23
Improvements and Repairs	4,884.63
Insurance	2,466.03
I. S. H. Fund	5,924.94
Labor	10,212.26
Live Stock	300.00
Machinery	6,779.68
Model School	105.91
Power House Construction	3,518.14
Reservoirs	521.60
Social Room	724.43
Salaries	123,608.33
School Supplies	2,642.36
Stationery, Printing and Postage	2,662.61
Smith-Hughes Fund	734.00
Sundries	248.58
Traveling Expenses	941.70
Vocational Education	963.68

Water and Lights	1,818.62
Water Works	555.59
Wells	2,377.25—\$198,446.64
Cash on hand March 31, 1920	\$ 5,001.76
Grand Total	\$214,618.67

# NORMAL CLUB

May 1, 1918, to March 31, 1920.

#### RECEIPTS

Cash on hand May 1, 1918	\$ 20,633.70
Bills Receivable\$ 6,350.00	
Bills Payable 1,000.00	
Board 132,443.10	
Dairy 487.05	
Dairy Herd 190.00	
Farm 1,588.55	
Hog Farm 1,257.21	
Improvements and Repairs 284.78	
Infirmary 3,184.15	
Interest 532.08	
Laundry 18,807.04	
L. L. Bond Interest 454.75	
Movie Fund 580.54	
Music 5,945.55	
Piano Rent 768.66	
Poultry Department 183.58	
Provisions 1,406.84	
Sundries 550.95	
Supplies 26.80	
Total Receipts	176,041.63
Grand Total\$196,675.33	\$196,675.33

#### DISBURSEMENTS

Bills Receivable\$	6,000.00
Bills Payable	1,000.00
Board	4,516.45
City Savings Bank & Trust Co	170.00
Dairy	12,055.96
Dining Room and Kitchen Equipment	2,057.93
Farm	10,262.94
Freight and Express	860.01
Fuel and Oil	13,325.36
Furniture and Equipment	170.43
Garden	1,681.97
Hog Farm	1,605.78
Improvements and Repairs	2,791.39

	Infirmary	3,820.01	
	Insurance	171,09	
	Labor	24,394.10	
	Laundry	11,090.78	
	L. L. Bonds	7,900.00	
	L. L. Bond Interest	121.14	
	Live Stock	625.00	
	Movie Fund	438.03	
	Music	5,570.72	
	Natchitoches Sanitarium	200.00	
	Piano Rent	152.44	
	Pergola No. 2	279.03	
	Practice Cottage	505.56	
	Poultry	1,760.92	
	Provisions	61,931.82	
	Salaries	10,472.58	
	Sundries	1,026.64	
	Supplies	1,875.91	
	Water and Lights	1,215.09	
	Water Works	802.30	,
	Total Disbursements	-	\$190,851.38
			,
1	on hand March 31, 1920	_	5,823.95
	Grand Total		\$196,675.33

Respectfully submitted,

V. L. ROY,

President.

Natchitoches, La.-May 1, 1920.

Cash

